St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXVIII. ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY, JANUARY 23, 1880.

USE TOLU ROCK AND RYE TRADE MARK

SURE CURE for COUGHS, COLDS, CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS,

AND ALL DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.

PUT UP IN QUART SIZE BOTTLES FOR FAMILY USE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS and FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS by unprincipled dealers. Each bottle of TOLU, ROCK and RYE has the analysis of Prof. Mariner, Chemist and Assayer, of Chicago, on the back label over his signature, without which none are genuine.

LAWRENCE & MARTIN, Sole Agents for the United States and Canadas

111 Madison Street, CHICAGO.

WHOLESALE AGENTS IN ST. LOUIS:

RICHARDSON & CO.

AND

DAVID NICHOLSON.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

MABLEY the CLOTHIER

IS SELLING THE BALANCE OF HIS

Heavy Underwear

AT A

TERRIBLE SACRIFICE!

IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR

SPRING GOODS!

SEE SAMPLES IN WINDOW!

201 NORTH FIFTH ST.

Daily Weather Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, 6:07 a. m., January 23.

STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer	Wind.	Rainfall in last 8 hours.	Weather.
Rose City	30.18	35	NW	.05	Clear.
Cairo	29.99	39	NW	....	Cloudy.
Chicago	29.80	34	W	.05	Cloudy.
Cincinnati	29.85	39	SW	....	Cloudy.
Davenport	29.84	21	....	.01	Clear.
Denver	29.59	34	SW	....	Cloudy.
Des Moines	29.84	25	....	....	Smoke.
Dodge City	29.63	18	NW	....	Clear.
Fort Gibson	29.94	28	SE	....	Clear.
Indianapolis	29.79	36	SW	.05	Cloudy.
Keokuk	29.82	28	W	.02	Clear.
La Crosse	29.78	26	....	.03	Fair.
Leavenworth	29.84	30	S	....	Clear.
Louisville	29.86	40	SW	....	Cloudy.
Memphis	2 .99	35	....	....	Clear.
Nashville	29.94	39	SE	.01	Cloudy.
New Orleans	30 03	53	W	....	Cloudy.
Omaha	29.77	24	NW	....	Clear.
Pioche, Nev	29.75	31	W	....	Clear.
Pittsburg	29.69	36	....	.03	Cloudy.
Sacramento, Cal	29.13	43	NW	....	Clear.
Salt Lake City	29.89	36	N	.04	Cloudy.
San Francisco	30.16	47	W	....	Clear.
Shreveport	30.02	37	....	....	Clear.
Springfield, Ill	29.89	34	W	.06	Clear.
St. Louis	29.82	32	SW	....	Clear.
St. Paul	29.72	9	....	....	Clear.
Vicksburg	30.03	39	NE	....	Clear.
Virginia City	29.53	26	SW	....	Clear.
Winnemucca Nev	30.09	30	SW	....	Clear.
Yankton	29 77	19	W	....	Clear.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—For Tennessee and Ohio Valley, westerly to southerly winds, slightly warmer and partly cloudy weather, slowly falling barometer in western portion, and rising followed by falling barometer in eastern portions. For Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri valleys, slowly rising temperature and falling barometer, with southerly to westerly winds, and clear or partly cloudy weather during the rest of Friday.

Aid For Ireland.

PHILADELPHIA, January 23.—A meeting was held to-day, Mayor Stokely presiding, and a committee formed to receive contributions for the relief of the distressed people of Ireland. A. J. Drexel & Company gave one thousand dollars. The suggestions was made that respectable grocers in each ward receive contributions of provisions which would be transported by the American Steamship Company at a nominal charge. John Wanamaker is chairman. The general committee includes Geo. W. Childs, A. J. Drexel and ex-Minister John Welsh. The committee will issue a public address.

Jumped the Jail.

CINCINNATI, January 23.—The Times' Greenburg, Ind., special says: All the prisoners in the County Jail, sixteen in number, escaped this morning between 2 and 3 o'clock. They made their exit through the same hole in the floor of the upper cells, which was made by the prisoners some two weeks ago, and which the County Commissioners ordered stuffed with a mattress and hidden under a bed, so that the prisoners would not find it.

Federal Court.

The United States Circuit Court convened at 11 o'clock this morning with Judges McCrary and Treat on the bench. In the case of the St. Louis National Stock Yards against Wm. Edom, a part of the amended answer was stricken out on motion. In the Weed Sewing Machine Company against Franklin Baker and others, the demurrer to the amended answer was overruled. A motion for a new trial in the case against F. Biebusch for counterfeiting was argued and submitted to the court.

The Barrielle Case.

Miss Julie Barrielle, the French woman who was in the hold-over on telegrams from New York, was brought up into Judge Cady's court on a writ of habeas corpus by her attorney, Mr. Will Garesche, and after a hearing, discharged by the Court. the law permitting no one to be held longer than twenty-four hours. A New York detective is now on the train, somewhere between Cleveland, Ohio, whence he telegraphed at noon to-day and St. Louis, armed with the necessary papers to take Miss Julie back to New York. But when he does get into town it is extremely probable that neither Julie Barrielle, nor her lover, Auguste Thion, will be found within the corporate limits of the town.

A Singular Accident.

A little four-year-old daughter of Mrs. Waldron, who lives at 2619 Gravois road, yesterday met with a very painful and singular accident. The little one was playing about the stove, when in some unaccountable manner one of the stove legs gave way, tipping it over and throwing a kittle of boiling water on the little girl. She is badly burned about she thighs, but Dr. Buck thinks she will pull through.

New Suits.

The following new suits were commenced this afternoon for the April term of the Circuit Court: J. W. Bull vs. E. D. Jones and Henry Griffin; S. Marx, A. Haas and others vs. Philip Keller; J. S. Evans vs. J. J. Fisher; G. B. Van Laum vs. George Bain and W. B. Bain; Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company vs. T. D. Ford.

Two Picnics.

Henry Carr, a young offender, had a picnic the other day, when he stole a couple of bushels of wheat from the Bridge Railroad Company, and he proceeded to have another picnic this morning when he was sent to the House of Refuge upon failure to pay a fine of $25. John Picket accompanied his friend Henry to the House on a proven charge of an apple theft from the same company.

Election on the Mechanics' Exchange.

There was an election on the Mechanics' Exchange to-day for one member of the Board of Directors. There were three candidates: Messrs. Henry E. Roach, Charles K. Ramsey and Peter Dickinson. There were but forty votes and Mr. Roach was elected.

Held for the Grand Jury.

Henry Shepard and John McCune waived examination upon a charge of grand larceny brought by Johanna Goldstein, who says the prisoners stole from her a pair of gold bracelets, a pair of gold earrings and a gold breastpin, all of the value of $60. They were held over for the grand jury.

Collections for Ireland.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., January 23.—Bishop Hendricken directs that collections be taken on Sunday, February 1, in all Catholic churches of his diocese for the relief of the people of Ireland.

Last Edition

MATTERS IN MAINE.

Deliberations of the Fusionists in Union Hall.

An Investigation of the Accounts of the State Treasurer Ordered.

AUGUSTA, ME., January 23.—The Fusionists to-day met at Union Hall, but a part of the members being present. Dickey put in the following order: That P. A. Sawyer, Secretary of State, be directed to notify municipal officers of towns and plantations that a new valuation of the State is to be made by this Legislature; that said officers may appear to be heard, and that particular notice, with the broad seal of the State affixed, be forwarded to the towns of Ellsworth and Brunswick that their Representatives have withdrawn themselves from this House.

In the Senate the President announced the standing committees found much fault because they had been refused the privilege to take stationery from the State-house. Both branches then adjourned until two o'clock, when the committee on Questions for the Supreme Court will report.

Municipal officers in towns where Fusionists have control, are sending to the Secretary of State's office for valuation books for the use of the valuation committee.

The Senate directed an examination of the accounts of the State Treasurer.

Absent Senators are requested to take their seats in the Senate to which they were chosen.

WASHINGTON.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—The nomination of Alexander Cameron as Superintendent of the St. Louis Custom-house will be considered by the Senate next Monday, and there is no doubt of his being confirmed.

The delivery of eulogies upon the death of the late Senator Zachariah Chandler will take place next Wednesday.

The Senate adjourned yesterday to meet on Monday, and a number of Senators living near the Capital left last evening for their homes.

Senators Garland, of Arkansas, and Edmunds, of Vermont, constitute the board of visitors to be present at the next examination of cadets at West Point.

STAR ROUTE INVESTIGATION.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—Investigation of the Star Route Service was continued this morning. Gen. Brady was further examined relative to the Santa Fe and Prescott route and was followed by McDonough, a contractor, and Gleason, one of the securities.

Woman's Suffrage.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—Mrs. Wallace, of Indiana, Lucinda B. Chandler, of Peoria, Susan B. Anthony and other delegates to the Women's Suffrage Association made arguments to-day before the Senate Committee in favor of a sixteenth amendment to the Constitution to enfranchise women.

House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—After some miscellaneous business, the committees were called for reports of a private nature.

The House then went into committee of the whole on the state of the Union for the purpose of listening to Horr's reply to Cox's speech yesterday.

When Mr. Harr rose the scene was dramatic and exciting as when an important political debate impends. The galleries were crowded with people and members gathered around Mr. Harr, who spoke from the space in front of the Speaker's desk,

Mr Horr was exceedingly humorous and elicited roars of laughter from members on the floor and from a large crowd of spectators in the galleries.

Mr. Cox made no reply and the House resumed consideration of public business.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Programme for Relieving the Distress in Ireland—Shocks of Earthquake in Cuba—Eastern Events.

Great Britain.

RELIEF WORK.

DUBLIN, January 23.—At a meeting of the Mansion House Committee for Irish relief, yesterday, Bishop Duggan stated the distress in his diocese was pressing and aggravated and instant relief was required. He deprecated the restriction of the Board of Works, under which very few people could obtain loans. The Committee made grants for relief amounting to £3,680, including £1,000 to the Central Committee of County Donegal. It was intimated that £1,000 each would be granted in the five western counties.

Cuba.

SHOCKS OF EARTHQUAKE.

HAVANA, January 23.—There were shocks of earthquake here last night.

Sufferers in Silesia.

PETERSBURG, VA., January 23.—Liberal contributions are making by the Germans for the sufferers in Upper Silesia.

Railroad Litigation.

NEW YORK, January 23.—Last week an order was granted in the suit of the Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans Railroad Company against Henry S. McComb and the Southern Railroad Association, which came up for final settlement to-day before Judge Blatchford in the United States Circuit Court. This order related to an injunction obtained by the complainant against McComb, prohibiting him from dealing in any way in or disposing of about $500,000 worth of second mortgage bonds of the Mississippi Central Railroad Company, which road is now a part of the complainant's line, because, as alleged by complainant, he had fraudulently obtained the same while an officer of the Mississippi Railroad Company, and of the Southern Railroad Association. When the case was reached to-day Judge Blatchford said to counsel: "I find that the Illinois Central is the controlling owner of the road. I am a stockholder in the Illinois Central and I don't want to sit in the case."

Remembering the Dead.

CINCINNATI, January 23.—The Cincinnati Odd Fellows' Monumental Society to-day accepted a design and awarded the contract for the erection of a monument over the graves of the society's unknown dead at Spring Grove Cemetery to Rebisso, Munhenk & Co. The contract was $20,000. The monument is to be thirty-four feet high, of bronze and American gray granite, and completed in two years. Rebisso is the artist of the MacPherson monument recently unveiled at Washington.

Obituary.

DANIEL BARRETT.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Jan. 23.—Dan'l Barrett, Supreme President of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association of the United States and Canada, died suddenly in Medina this morning.

JUDGE LINDLEY.

He Dexterously Parries Questions on His Congressional Aspirations.

Judge Lindley, of Circuit Court No. 4, was interrogated this afternoon by a POST-DISPATCH reporter with a view of obtaining his opinion on the report that brings him out as a probable Democratic candidate for Congress in the Second Congressional district. It will be seen by the annexed brief talk that the Judge is not decided as to his future course, and ambiguity characterizes his replies. The reporter found the Judge in conversation with Judges Boyle and Adams, and on securing the judicial ear in private, the following conversation took place:

"What about the rumors to the effect that you are a candidate for Congress? Are they true, or are they not?" commenced the reporter.

"Some people know, or, at least, seem to know, more about my candidacy than I do myself," replied the Judge.

"Then you are not a candidate, I understand?" put in the reporter.

"Well, whether I am or not, I have made no move in that direction," responded the Judge.

"Is your health such as to require an early resignation from the bench?"

"No; I have enjoyed reasonably good health; and although I may feel in the future that I have had enough judicial duty, I have made no move toward resigning at the present time."

B. O. P. I.

A number of petitions for crosswalks, sewers, etc., were received and referred to the proper commissioners.

The Board of Public Improvements met this morning. The assistant street commissioner was present in Gen. Turner's stead.

An ordinance for the construction of sewers in Compton Avenue Sewer District No. 34 was adopted. Estimated cost $400. Adjourned.

A permit was issued to Geo. H. Chase to lay a fifteen inch sewer-pipe in block 2437 to drain the car stables of the Benton and Bellefontaine Company.

The Park Commissioners asked that Thursday, February 12, be the day set for receiving proposals for the leasing of the buildings in Forest Park. Adopted.

The Sewer Commissioner recommended the construction of a sewer in block bounded by Baker and Teresa avenues and Manchester road and Walnut street.

The Water Commissioner asked that Friday, February 6, be set as the day on which the Board will receive proposals for three hundred tons of water pipe, to be used in extending the distribution system of the Water Works.

The Committee on Sewers reported for recommendation to the Municipal Assembly the draft of an ordinance establishing and providing for the construction of Louisa street Sewer District No. 6, bounded by DeKalb, Columbus and Victor and a line between Sidney and Victor. Adopted. The estimated cost, $620, was adopted as the estimate of the board.

Last Night's Fires.

Officer Jones reports a fire at 613 South Second street yesterday afternoon owing to a defective flue, from which the damage amounted to $50. The building belongs to John J. Kihurt. A small one-story frame house one block south of the River Des Peres, near the Barrack's road, was entirely consumed by fire about nine o'clock yesterday afternoon. The house had been vacant for some time, and no cause can be assigned for the fire. Loss $700, insured for $500. Officer Genail discovered a fire in the St. Louis Foundry in South St. Louis at two o'clock this morning. He awoke the owner and the fire was put out without an alarm being sounded. Loss not more than $25. Officer Dixon turned up with the next blaze at 105 South Tenth street, belonging to Mr. McPhillips, in which sparks from a grate burned up not more than $10 worth of clothing.

The Singer-Smith Case.

The case of manslaughter in the second degree against "Dr." Charles A. Smith and Miss Ellen Singer came up before Judge Cady this morning, and inasmuch as the "Dr." has skipped the town the suit was not brought to trial. The Doctor has been out on bail for some days, Lewis A. McGinnis being his security, and this morning the bond was forfeited. It amounts to $1,000. The other defendant was present in the court room. She was neatly dressed enough and clean-looking, but she was not at all pretty; neither was she at all communicative, resisting the artful blandishments of a reporter who was anxious to interview her. She declined with thanks. She refused to testify and a nolle pros. was accordingly entered in the case.

The Campbell Estate.

An inventory of the estate of Hugh Campbell was this afternoon filed in the office of the clerk of the Probate Court. The estate includes real estate situated on Locust street; lots 24 and 25 in Stoddard Addition; notes secured by mortgage and stock aggregating $21,880; stocks amounting to $10,934; bonds comprising 10 Missouri State bonds; 1 North Pennsylvania Railroad bond, United States bonds amounting to $55,800; cash $3,191 31. The total value of the personal estate is estimated at $92,830 31.

Perjury.

Herman Schenkel was brought before Judge Cady this morning on a charge of perjury, alleged to have been committed in the case of Johannes Haigizer vs. Philip F. Stifel, before Judge Boyle, of the Circuit Court. Before the case came to trial the Prosecuting-Attorned entered a nolle pros.

Local Weather Report.

SIGNAL OFFICE,
ST. LOUIS, MO., January 22.

Time.	Ther.	Wind. Direction.	Weather.
— a. m.	..	....	.....
10:07 a. m.	35	W.	Clear.
2:07 p. m.	45	W.	Clear.
— p. m.	....	....	.....

River, 10 ft. 11 in.
Change, 2 in.

J. H. WEBER,
Sergeant Signal Service.

A Problem.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Please give us the correct answer to the following: $60 is to be divided equally, as follows: A gets 1-3, B gets 1-4, C gets 1-5, D gets 1-6, so as to get out equal?

[Answer is $21 3-37; $15 45-57; $12 36-37; $10 20-57.—ED. P.-D.]

THE POST-DISPATCH

Damaged Severely by Fire and Water Last Night.

But it Appears This Afternoon Temporarily in a New Form.

At a quarter past twelve o'clock last night an alarm of fire rang out from the corner of Fourth and Pine streets, and the town woke up and turned out in such a manner that the streets, which had been quiet and deserted a few moments before, were filled full of hurrying men and rushing engines all focusing upon the office of the POST-DISPATCH, whose time had apparently come to do that for others which had been frequently been done for it. There were two alarms given, one by a private watchman on Fourth and Pine, and another by Officer Burke on Sixth and Chestnut, and in response to the invitation the fire laddies certainly turned out in a way that did them honor. Within a remarkably short space of time half a dozen streams of water were playing upon the fire, and the boys were climbing in and over the burning building, getting their work in at the best possible advantage, while great masses of smoke rose slowly and passed to the northwest. The POST DISPATCH building reaches from Fifth to the alley between Fifth and Sixth streets, and it was in the rear "L," which was used as a press-room and composing-rom, that the fire was worst. The "L" is a two-story affair, the ground floor containing the magnificent double four cylinder Hoe press upon which this paper was printed and which was a marvel of mechanical skill for all its present resemblance to a demoralized threshing machine. Besides the press 256 bundles of white paper were piled in this story. Immediately above was the composing room, which was filled with the cases of the printers, and which is the worst used-up part of the building. The fire originated on the lower floor in the southeast corner of the room, where nothing but a window separates that apartment from the "Parlor Saloon," which occupies half the front of the building. At first glance one would suppose that, originating where it did, the fire came from the engines or from a stove which stood in the northeast corner of the room, but the charred remains indicate very clearly that neither of these sources was the birth place of the blaze. A barrel of printer's ink stands yet right by the stove, and as this is an extremely inflammable substance it would have burnt like oil had it had half a chance. The side of the press next to the engine and boilers is not nearly so badly hurt as the other, where the fire really originated. The piles of paper all about afforded excellent material for the fire to work upon, and had it not been for the extreme promptitude of the fire laddies the POST-DISPATCH would have had as brilliant a midnight edition as any paper could wish. Phelim Toole and the Babcocks were first on the ground, and had their streams working just a shade sooner than anybody else, but the interval of time was very short between them and the other companies, the 12s, 15s and 18s being on deck almost simultaneously. The damage from fire in the upper floor was not great, but the piecing of type was something to be remembered. A stream of water would come sailing through a broken window, hit a long galley of legal ads, and the type would be cleaned thoroughly away. Occasionally a stand would be hit, and as the room was rather a cramped one that case would take down a string of other stands with it. This morning when the foreman of the composing room, Mr. Cole, totted up the damages he found the floor covered with loose type, so thickly strewn that the whole floor was covered with it, and the place looked like what the printers call technically a "hell box." Over five hundred pounds of leaden letters are at this present writing being swept into little piles, whence they will be carted to the foundry and melted over. Nearly all of the standing advertisements which were not in yesterday's paper were pied, there being some remarkable exceptions. St. Jacob's Oil, for instance, despite its oleaginousness, still stands. A great string of legal advertisements are so mixed up that they are utterly useless for any purpose but old metal. The most severe damage done anywhere is to the press, which is almost utterly ruined, some of the platforms being wholly burned and other parts being so badly charred as to necessitate a complete renovation. The white paper which was piled up near the press is a melancholy example of misplaced usefulness, demonstrating that, besides its purpose in the art preservative, it is an excellent material out of which to make up a blaze. The engine, fortunately, was one only in temporary use while a new one was being built, which was to have been put in on Saturday had there not been an interruption in the improvements. Mr. W. F. Coulter, the commercial editor, was the last gentleman to leave the premises last night. He was in the press room at twenty minutes to eleven o'clock, and found that the fires were properly banked and everything all right. Mr. McGuffin, the business manager, was sent for as soon as possible, and before leaving the office all the arrangements were completed for to-day's issue. Mr. J. B. McCullagh, of the Globe-Democrat, came forward at once with an offer of every facility at the command of the Globe-Democrat to enable the POST-DISPATCH to appear to-day, and Mr. Cundiff, of the Times, addressed the following letter to the office:

ST. LOUIS TIMES,
ST. LOUIS, January 23, 1880.

To the Business Manager, or Foreman POST-DISPATCH.

If the Times can afford the POST-DISPATCH any assistance while its machinery and type are disarranged by the fire this morning I shall be happy to lend any assistance in my power. Respectfully,

J. H. R. CUNDIFF.

The proprietors of the Republican also tendered the use of their office and material with great courtesy and promptness. The arrangements which have been made in the premises consist in moving the composing-room upstairs in the third story of the old office, where the paper will be set up, and until the press is reorganized the POST-DISPATCH will be printed at the Globe-Democrat office. The building, of which the rear annex only is materially damaged, belongs to Mrs. E. A. Clark of New York. Upon the material of the POST-DISPATCH the insurance, is as follows:

Mechanics' and Traders' New York	$1,250
Shoe and Leather, Boston	1,250
Connecticut Fire Insurance Company, Hartford	1,750
Imperial, London	2,500
Merchants' Insurance Company, Newark	2,625
Commercial Union, London	2,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	2,625
Total	$14,000

It is at present impossible to estimate the loss with anything like accuracy.

Amusement Notes.

The Mapleson grand Italian opera season commences on Monday next. The initial performance will be "Sonnambula," in which the celebrated prima donna Mlle. Miramon will make her debut in St. Louis.

George Heuer's benefit comes off to-morrow night at the Olympic, when "M'liss" will be produced and other attractions. George is popular and should receive a rousing benefit. Tickets should be secured in advance.

Mr. Morrison Renshaw, who resigned from the local staff of the Globe-Democrat some days ago, has accepted a good position in the Assessor's office. He was an enterprising newspaper man and carries with him the good wishes of many friends.

The programmes at the various theaters to-night are: Olympic, Annie Pixley as "M'liss;" Grand Opera-house, Rice's Surprise Party in "Horrors; Pope's, Mr. and Mrs. Bandmann in "The Merchant of Venice;" Theatre Comique, variety entertainment.

Mr. Charles Pope has received the following letter from the Mayor in reference to the proposed benefit in aid of the Irish sufferers:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
MAYOR'S OFFICE.
ST. LOUIS, January 22, 1880.

Charles Pope, Esq., Proprietor of Pope's Theater:

DEAR SIR—Agreeably to your request I beg to inform you that I have appointed Messrs. Gerard B. Allen, Charles Slevin and Charles Green a committee to take charge of such monies as may be secured in the manner proposed by you through the series of entertainments to be given at Pope's Theater during the week commencing January 26, under the joint management of yourself and Mr. Daniel E. Bandmann, for the relief of the sufferers in Ireland.

Yours, respectfully,
HENRY OVERSTOLZ,
Mayor.

The Knights of Maccabees.

The Knights of the Maccabees of the World, an organization of a benevolent character, and somewhat similar to the Sons of Malta, although in a revised and modified form, have lately organized a tent or chapter in this city. The order was originally started in London, Canada, a year ago last August, and has grown in numbers and influence rapidly from that date to the present time. It has an insurance feature connected with the organization by which each member is insured for $1,000, and his wife for one-half that sum. On the death of each member the remaining members are assessed 10 cents each, and the wives of the members 5 cents. The St. Louis Tent, No. 175, was established some two weeks ago, and now has sixty-eight members, including a number of prominent and leading citizens. The St. Louis tent is the first chapter instituted in the West, as the nearest tent of the order is located at Chicago. It is the custom of the association to give a parade at midnight of Mardi Gras, and distribute provisions among the needy poor of the city in which the parade is made. The local tent has decided to make a midnight parade on the 10th of next month, when the members will appear in gorgeous costumes. No particular representation will be attempted on the parade, simply a display of elegant dressing. Two wagons will be loaded with provisions, and the bundles will be distributed among the needy poor of North St. Louis. The names of the deserving poor will be obtained from the police, and only those thus obtained will be presented with articles of food. A meeting of the local tent will be held next Sunday afternoon, when all the preliminary arrangements, including line of march, will be decided upon and arranged. It is expected that the midnight parade will be conducted in a manner worthy of public witness and also creditable to the Knights of Maccabees.

CITY PERSONALS.

Mr. Charles Spalding, proprietor of the Olympic, weighs 200 pounds.

Hon. Thomas Allen takes great delight in driving a very spirited horse.

M. Spratzer is putting up a house on Cecilia, between Lami and Shenandoah.

A. Thollozen is taking down a brick wall on Walnut, between Sixth and Seventh.

The most suave reporter in town is Thornton of the Times. He is an Englishman.

The employes of the United States building call Deputy Marshal Stevens "the Old Reliable."

Charlie Greeley is the dressiest young man in town. He comes out in a nobby new suit every week.

Will Nave has his clothes made in New York. There is no St. Louis tailor who can fit his "form divine."

E. C. Phillips is repairing his store on Franklin avenue, between Twenty-second and Twenty-third streets.

Mr. N. J. Larimore, who has been somewhat unwell lately, is out again, and was on 'Change, as usual, to-day.

Mrs. E. B. Crisman and children, who have been in Tennessee since August, returned to the city this (Friday) morning.

Rev. T. Bernard, of Ashlev, Mo., and Rev. Y. W. Whitsett, of Lee's Summitt, were in the city last week attending the Moody meetings.

A. M. Berry, reporter of the Court of Appeals, is out again now after having been confined to the house by sickness for some time.

Gen. Wm. S. Harney has a spacious and well furnished residence on Lucas Place, but stays there very little. He is now in the South.

Rev. B. T. Watson, of Jackson, Tenn., has been in the city during the week attending the Moody meetings and returned home on the 23rd.

John W. Norton leaves on Sunday morning for Baltimore. He goes to join his wife, who is on a visit to her relatives in that city, and also to meet Miss Mary Anderson's company on business.

Mr. Kinealy had a case this morning in Circuit Court No. 3. He still continues to say that he will be petrified before he pays the fine imposed by Judge Wickham. He considers the principle involved dearer than life itself.

DR. CLOPTON extracted a bullet this morning from the left breast of Edward Elmore, of Eleventh street and Cass avenue. Elmore was accidentally shot last September and it was thought impossible for the ball to be extracted. He has been unable to do any work, but will be able hereafter.

Legal Notes.

Law docket was called in No. 3 this morning.

Circuit Court No. 2 has adjourned until Monday morning.

All the divisions of the Circuit Court were in session this morning.

The sixth volume of the Missouri Appeals Reports is now in the hands of the printers and will soon be completed.

In Circuit Court No. 1 this morning leave was granted in the matter of the Life Association of America to sell the property in Livingston county.

The ejectment suit of Wm. Cummings against Ellen Davis and another to recover 31-2 acres of land located on the east part of lot 32, P. Lindell's second addition to West St. Louis, was tried in Circuit Court No. 1 this morning.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXVIII. ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY, JANUARY 23, 1880.

USE

TOLU ROCK AND RYE TRADE MARK

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AND ALL DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.

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BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS and FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS by unprincipled dealers. Each bottle of TOLU, ROCK and RYE has the analysis of Prof. Mariner, Chemist and Assayer, of Chicago, on the back label over his signature, without which none are genuine.

LAWRENCE & MARTIN, Sole Agents for the United States and Canadas

111 Madison Street, CHICAGO.

WHOLESALE AGENTS IN ST. LOUIS:

RICHARDSON & CO.

AND

DAVID NICHOLSON.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

MABLEY the CLOTHIER

IS SELLING THE BALANCE OF HIS

Heavy Underwear

AT A

TERRIBLE SACRIFICE!

IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR

SPRING GOODS!

SEE SAMPLES IN WINDOW!

201 NORTH FIFTH ST.

Daily Weather Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, 6:07 A. M., January 23.

STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Wind.	Rainfall in last 24 hours.	Weather.
Boise City	29.18	35	NW	.05	Clear.
Cairo	29.90	39	NW	....	Cloudy.
Chicago	29.20	31	W	.05	Cloudy.
Cincinnati	29.83	39	SW	....	Cloudy.
Davenport	29.84	21	....	.01	Clear.
Denver	29.59	34	SW	....	Cloudy.
Des Moines	29.81	25	....	....	Smoke.
Dodge City	29.63	18	NW	....	Clear.
Fort Gibson	29.94	28	SE	....	Clear.
Indianapolis	29.79	36	SW	.05	Cloudy.
Keokuk	29.80	28	W	.02	Clear.
La Crosse	29.78	26	....	.03	Fair.
Leavenworth	29.84	30	S	....	Clear.
Louisville	29.86	40	SW	....	Cloudy.
Memphis	2 .89	35	....	....	Clear.
Nashville	29.94	39	SE	.01	Cloudy.
New Orleans	30.03	53	W	....	Cloudy.
Omaha	29.77	24	NW	....	Clear.
Pioche, Nev	29.75	31	W	....	Clear.
Pittsburg	29.69	36	S	.03	Cloudy.
Sacramento, Cal	29.13	43	NW	....	Clear.
Salt Lake City	29.88	36	N	.04	Cloudy.
San Francisco	30.16	47	W	....	Clear.
Shreveport	30.02	51	....	....	Clear.
Springfield, Ill	29.89	31	W	.06	Clear.
St. Louis	29.92	29	SW	....	Clear.
St. Paul	29.77	9	S	....	Clear.
Vicksburg	30.03	39	NE	....	Clear.
Virginia City	29.53	25	SW	....	Clear.
Winnemucca Nev	30.09	30	SW	....	Clear.
Yankton	29.77	19	W	....	Clear.

Indications.

WASHINGTON D. C., January 23.—For Tennessee and Ohio Valley, westerly to southerly winds, slightly warmer and partly cloudy weather, slowly falling barometer in western portion, and rising followed by falling barometer in eastern portions. For Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri valleys, slowly rising temperature and falling barometer, with southerly to westerly winds, and clear or partly cloudy weather during the rest of Friday.

Aid For Ireland.

PHILADELPHIA, January 23.—A meeting was held to-day, Mayor Stokely presiding, and a committee formed to receive contributions for the relief of the distressed people of Ireland. A. J. Drexel & Company gave one thousand dollars. The suggestions was made that respectable grocers in each ward receive contributions of provisions which would be transported by the American Steamship Company at a nominal charge. John Wanamaker is chairman. The general committee includes Geo. W. Childs, A. J. Drexel and ex-Minister John Welsh. The committee will issue a public address.

Jumped the Jail.

CINCINNATI, January 23.—The Times' Greenburg, Ind., special says: All the prisoners in the County Jail, sixteen in number, escaped this morning between 2 and 3 o'clock. They made their exit through the same hole in the floor of the upper cells, which was made by the prisoners some two weeks ago, and which the County Commissioners ordered stuffed with a mattress and hidden under a bed, so that the prisoners would not find it.

Federal Court.

The United States Circuit Court convened at 11 o'clock this morning with Judges McCrary and Treat on the bench. In the case of the St. Louis National Stock Yards against Wm. Edom, a part of the amended answer was stricken out on motion. In the Weed Sewing Machine Company against Franklin Baker and others, the demurrer to the amended answer was overruled. A motion for a new trial in the case against F. Biebusch for counterfeiting was argued and submitted to the court.

The Barrielle Case.

Miss Julie Barrielle, the French woman who was in the hold-over on telegrams from New York, was brought up into Judge Cady's court on a writ of habeas corpus by her attorney, Mr. Will Garesche, and after a hearing, discharged by the Court, the law permitting no one to be held longer than twenty-four hours. A New York detective is now on the train, somewhere between Cleveland, Ohio, whence he telegraphed at noon to-day and St. Louis, armed with the necessary papers to take Miss Julie back to New York. But when he does get into town it is extremely probable that neither Julie Barrielle, nor her lover, Auguste Thion, will be found within the corporate limits of the town.

A Singular Accident.

A little four-year-old daughter of Mrs. Waldron, who lives at 2619 Gravois road, yesterday met with a very painful and singular accident. The little one was playing about the stove, when in some unaccountable manner one of the stove legs gave way, tipping it over and throwing a kittle of boiling water on the little girl. She is badly burned about the thighs, but Dr. Buck thinks she will pull through.

New Suits.

The following new suits were commenced this afternoon for the April term of the Circuit Court: J. W. Bull vs. E. D. Jones and Henry Griffin; S. Marx, A. Haas and others vs. Philip Keller; J. S. Evans vs. J. J. Fisher; G. B. Van Laum vs. George Bain and W. B. Bain; Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company vs. T. D. Ford.

Two Picnics.

Henry Carr, a young offender, had a picnic the other day, when he stole a couple of bushels of wheat from the Bridge Railroad Company, and he proceeded to have another picnic this morning when he was sent to the House of Refuge upon failure to pay a fine of $25. John Picket accompanied his friend Henry to the House on a proven charge of an apple theft from the same company.

Election on the Mechanics' Exchange.

There was an election on the Mechanics' Exchange to-day for one member of the Board of Directors. There were three candidates: Messrs. Henry E. Roach, Charles K. Ramsey and Peter Dickinson. There were but forty votes and Mr. Roach was elected.

Held for the Grand Jury.

Henry Shepard and John McCune waived examination upon a charge of grand larceny brought by Johanna Goldstein, who says the prisoners stole from her a pair of gold bracelets, a pair of gold earrings and a gold breastpin, all of the value of $60. They were held over for the grand jury.

Collections for Ireland.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., January 23.—Bishop Hendricken directs that collections be taken on Sunday, February 1, in all Catholic churches of his diocese for the relief of the people of Ireland.

Last Edition

MATTERS IN MAINE.

Deliberations of the Fusionists in Union Hall.

An Investigation of the Accounts of the State Treasurer Ordered.

AUGUSTA, ME., January 23.—The Fusionists to-day met at Union Hall, but a part of the members being present. Dickey put in the following order: That P. A. Sawyer, Secretary of State, be directed to notify municipal officers of towns and plantations that a new valuation of the State is to be made by this Legislature; that said officers may appear to be heard, and that particular notice, with the broad seal of the State affixed, be forwarded to the towns of Ellsworth and Brunswick that their Representatives have withdrawn themselves from this House.

In the Senate the President announced the standing committees found much fault because they had been refused the privilege to take stationery from the State-house. Both branches then adjourned until two o'clock, when the committee on Questions for the Supreme Court will report.

Municipal officers in towns where Fusionists have control, are sending to the Secretary of State's office for valuation books for the use of the valuation committee.

The Senate directed an examination of the accounts of the State Treasurer.

Absent Senators are requested to take their seats in the Senate to which they were chosen.

WASHINGTON.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—The nomination of Alexander Cameron as Superintendent of the St. Louis Custom-house will be considered by the Senate next Monday, and there is no doubt of his being confirmed.

The delivery of eulogies upon the death of the late Senator Zachariah Chandler will take place next Wednesday.

The Senate adjourned yesterday to meet on Monday, and a number of Senators living near the Capital left last evening for their homes.

Senators Garland, of Arkansas, and Edmunds, of Vermont, constitute the board of visitors to be present at the next examination of cadets at West Point.

STAR ROUTE INVESTIGATION.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—Investigation of the Star Route Service was continued this morning. Gen. Brady was further examined relative to the Santa Fe and Prescott route and was followed by McDonough, a contractor, and Gleason, one of the securities.

Woman's Suffrage.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—Mrs. Wallace, of Indiana, Lucinda B. Chandler, of Peoria, Susan B. Anthony and other delegates to the Women's Suffrage Association made arguments to-day before the Senate Committee in favor of a sixteenth amendment to the Constitution to enfranchise women.

House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 23.—After some miscellaneous business, the committees were called for reports of a private nature.

The House then went into committee of the whole on the state of the Union for the purpose of listening to Horr's reply to Cox's speech yesterday.

When Mr. Harr rose the scene was dramatic and exciting as when an important political debate impends. The galleries were crowded with people and members gathered around Mr. Harr, who spoke from the space in front of the Speaker's desk,

Mr Horr was exceedingly humorous and elicited roars of laughter from members on the floor and from a large crowd of spectators in the galleries.

Mr. Cox made no reply and the House resumed consideration of public business.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Programme for Relieving the Distress in Ireland—Shocks of Earthquake in Cuba—Eastern Events.

Great Britain.

RELEIF WORK.

DUBLIN, January 23.—At a meeting of the Mansion House Committee for Irish relief, yesterday, Bishop Duggan stated the distress in his diocese was pressing and aggravated and instant relief was required. He deprecated the restriction of the Board of Works, under which very few people could obtain loans. The Committee made grants for relief amounting to £3,680, including £1,000 to the Central Committee of County Donegal. It was intimated that £1,000 each would be granted in the five western counties.

Cuba.

SHOCKS OF EATRHQUAKE.

HAVANA, January 23.—There were shocks of earthquake here last night.

Sufferers in Silesia.

PETERSBURG, VA., January 23.—Liberal contributions are making by the Germans for the sufferers in Upper Silesia.

Railroad Litigation.

NEW YORK, January 23.—Last week an order was granted in the suit of the Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans Railroad Company against Henry S. McComb and the Southern Railroad Association, which came up for final settlement to-day before Judge Blatchford in the United States Circuit Court. This order related to an injunction obtained by the complainant against McComb, prohibiting him from dealing in any way in or disposing of about $500,000 worth of second mortgage bonds of the Mississippi Central Railroad Company, which road is now a part of the complainant's line, because, as alleged by complainant, he had fraudulently obtained the same while an officer of the Mississippi Railroad Company, and of the Southern Railroad Association. When the case was reached to-day Judge Blatchford said to counsel: "I find that the Illinois Central is the controlling owner of the road. I am a stockholder in the Illinois Central and I don't want to sit in the case."

Remembering the Dead.

CINCINNATI, January 23.—The Cincinnati Odd Fellows' Monumental Society to-day accepted a design and awarded the contract for the erection of a monument over the graves of the society's unknown dead at Spring Grove Cemetery to Rebisso, Munhenk & Co. The contract was $20,000. The monument is to be thirty-four feet high, of bronze and American gray granite, and completed in two years. Rebisso is the artist of the MacPherson monument recently unveiled at Washington.

Obituary.

DANIEL BARRETT.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Jan. 23.—Dan'l Barrett, Supreme President of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association of the United States and Canada, died suddenly in Medina this morning.

JUDGE LINDLEY.

He Dexterously Parries Questions on His Congressional Aspirations.

Judge Lindley, of Circuit Court No. 4, was interrogated this afternoon by a POST-DISPATCH reporter with a view of obtaining his opinion on the report that brings him out as a probable Democratic candidate for Congress in the Second Congressional district. It will be seen by the annexed brief talk that the Judge is not decided as to his future course, and ambiguity characterizes his replies. The reporter found the Judge in conversation with Judges Boyle and Adams, and on securing the judicial ear in private, the following conversation took place:

"What about the rumors to the effect that you are a candidate for Congress? Are they true, or are they not?" commenced the reporter.

"Some people know, or, at least, seem to know, more about my candidacy than I do myself," replied the Judge.

"Then you are not a candidate, I understand?" put in the reporter.

"Well, whether I am or not, I have made no move in that direction," responded the Judge.

"Is your health such as to require an early resignation from the bench?"

"No; I have enjoyed reasonably good health; and although I may feel in the future that I have had enough judicial duty, I have made no move toward resigning at the present time."

B. O. P. I.

A number of petitions for crosswalks, sewers, etc., were received and referred to the proper commissioners.

The Board of Public Improvements met this morning. The assistant street commissioner was present in Gen. Turner's stead.

An ordinance for the construction of sewers in Compton Avenue Sewer District No. 34 was adopted. Estimated cost $400. Adjourned.

A permit was issued to Geo. H. Chase to lay a fifteen inch sewer-pipe in block 2437 to drain the car stables of the Benton and Bellefontaine Company.

The Park Commissioners asked that Thursday, February 12, be the day set for receiving proposals for the leasing of the buildings in Forest Park. Adopted.

The Sewer Commissioner recommended the construction of a sewer in block bounded by Baker and Teresa avenues and Manchester road and Walnut street.

The Water Commissioner asked that Friday, February 6, be set as the day on which the Board will receive proposals for three hundred tons of water pipe, to be used in extending the distribution system of the Water Works.

The Committee on Sewers reported for recommendation to the Municipal Assembly the draft of an ordinance establishing and providing for the construction of Louisa street Sewer District No. 6, bounded by DeKalb, Columbus and Victor and a line between Sidney and Victor. Adopted. The estimated cost, $620, was adopted as the estimate of the board.

Last Night's Fires.

Officer Jones reports a fire at 613 South Second street yesterday afternoon owing to a defective flue, from which the damage amounted to $50. The building belongs to John J. Kihurt. A small one-story frame house one block south of the River Des Peres, near the Barrack's road, was entirely consumed by fire about nine o'clock yesterday afternoon. The house had been vacant for some time, and no cause can be assigned for the fire. Loss $700, insured for $500. Officer Genail discovered a fire in the St. Louis Foundry in South St. Louis at two o'clock this morning. He awoke the owner and the fire was put out without an alarm being sounded. Loss not more than $25. Officer Dixon turned up with the next blaze at 105 South Tenth street, belonging to Mr. McPhillips, in which sparks from a grate burned up not more than $10 worth of clothing.

The Singer-Smith Case.

The case of manslaughter in the second degree against "Dr." Charles A. Smith and Miss Ellen Singer came up before Judge Cady this morning, and inasmuch as the "Dr." has skipped the town the suit was not brought to trial. The Doctor has been out on bail for some days, Lewis A. McGinnis being his security, and this morning the bond was forfeited. It amounts to $1,000. The other defendant was present in the court room. She was neatly dressed enough and clean-looking, but she was not at all pretty; neither was she at all communicative, resisting the artful blandishments of a reporter who was anxious to interview her. She declined with thanks. She refused to testify and a nolle pros. was accordingly entered in the case.

The Campbell Estate.

An inventory of the estate of Hugh Campbell was this afternoon filed in the office of the clerk of the Probate Court. The estate includes real estate situated on Locust street; lots 24 and 25 in Stoddard Addition; notes secured by mortgage and stock aggregating $21,880; stocks amounting to $10,934; bonds comprising 10 Missouri State bonds; 1 North Pennsylvania Railroad bond, United States bonds amounting to $55,800; cash $3,191 31. The total value of the personal estate is estimated at $92,830 31.

Perjury.

Herman Schenkel was brought before Judge Cady this morning on a charge of perjury, alleged to have been committed in the case of Johannes Haigizer vs. Philip F. Stifel, before Judge Boyle, of the Circuit Court. Before the case came to trial the Prosecuting Attorned entered a nolle pros.

Local Weather Report.

SIGNAL OFFICE,
ST. LOUIS, MO., January 22.

Time.	Ther.	Wind. Direction.	Weather.
— a. m.	..	....	.....
10:07 a. m.	35	W.	Clear.
2:07 p. m.	45	W.	Clear.
— p. m.		....	.....

River, 10 ft. 11 in.
Change, 2 in.

J. H. WEBER,
Sergeant Signal Service.

A Problem.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Please give us the correct answer to the following: $60 is to be divided equally, as follows: A gets 1-3, B gets 1-4, C gets 1-5, D gets 1-6, so as to get out equal?

[Answer is $21 3-57; $15 45-57; $12 36-57; $10 30-57.—$60.—ED. P.-D.]

THE POST-DISPATCH

Damaged Severely by Fire and Water Last Night.

But it Appears This Afternoon Temporarily in a New Form.

At a quarter past twelve o'clock last night an alarm of fire rang out from the corner of Fourth and Pine streets, and the town woke up and turned out in such a manner that the streets, which had been quiet and deserted a few moments before, were filled full of hurrying men and rushing engines all focusing upon the office of the POST-DISPATCH, whose time had apparently come to do that for others which had been frequently been done for it. There were two alarms given, one by a private watchman on Fourth and Pine, and another by Officer Burke on Sixth and Chestnut, and in response to the invitation the fire laddies certainly turned out in a way that did them honor. Within a remarkably short space of time half a dozen streams of water were playing upon the fire, and the boys were climbing in and over the burning building, getting sheir work in at the best possible advantage, while great masses of smoke rose slowly and passed to the northwest. The POST DISPATCH building reaches from Fifth to the alley between Fifth and Sixth streets, and it was in the rear "L," which was used as a press-room and composing-rom, that the fire was worst. The "L" is a two-story affair, the ground floor containing the magnificent double four cylinder Hoe press upon which this paper was printed and which was a marvel of mechanical skill for all its present resemblance to a demoralized threshing machine. Besides the press 256 bundles of white paper were piled in this story. Immediately above was the composing room, which was filled with the cases of the printers, and which is the worst used-up part of the building. The fire originated on the lower floor in the southeast corner of the room, where nothing but a window separates that apartment from the "Parlor Saloon," which occupies half the front of the building. At first glance one would suppose that, originating where it did, the fire came from the engines or from a stove which stood in the northeast corner of the room, but the charred remains indicate very clearly that neither of these sources was the birth place of the blaze. A barrel of printer's ink stands yet right by the stove, and as this is an extremely inflammable substance it would have burnt like oil had it had half a chance. The side of the press next to the engine and boilers is not nearly so badly hurt as the other, where the fire really originated. The piles of paper all about afforded excellent material for the fire to work upon, and had it not been for the extreme promptitude of the fire laddies the POST-DISPATCH would have had as brilliant a midnight edition as any paper could wish. Phelim Toole and the Babcocks were first on the ground, and had their streams working just a shade sooner than anybody else, but the interval of time was very short between them and the other companies, the 12s, 15s and 18s being on deck almost simultaneously. The damage from fire in the upper floor was not great, but the pieing of type was something to be remembered. A stream of water would come sailing through a broken window, hit a long galley of legal ads, and the type would be cleaned thoroughly away. Occasionally a stand would be hit, and as the room was rather a cramped one that case would take down a string of other stands with it. This morning when the foreman of the composing room, Mr. Cole, totted up the damages he found the floor covered with loose type, so thickly strewn that the whole floor was covered with it, and the place looked like what the printers call technically a "hell box." Over five hundred pounds of leaden letters are at this present writing being swept into little piles, whence they will be carted to the foundry and melted over. Nearly all of the standing advertisements which were not in yesterday's paper were pied, there being some remarkable exceptions. St. Jacob's Oil, for instance, despite its oleaginousness, still stands. A great string of legal advertisements are so mixed up that they are utterly useless for any purpose but old metal. The most severe damage done anywhere is to the press, which is almost utterly ruined, some of the platforms being wholly burned and other parts being so badly charred as to necessitate a complete renovation. The white paper which was piled up near the press is a melancholy example of misplaced usefulness, demonstrating that, besides its purpose in the art preservative, it is an excellent material out of which to make up a blaze. The engine, fortunately, was one only in temporary use while a new one was being built, which was to have been put in on Saturday had there not been an interruption in the improvements. Mr. W. F. Coulter, the commercial editor, was the last gentleman to leave the premises last night. He was in the press room at twenty minutes to eleven o'clock, and found that the fires were properly banked and everything all right. Mr. McGuffin, the business manager, was sent for as soon as possible, and before leaving the office all the arrangements were completed for to-day's issue. Mr. J. B. McCullagh, of the Globe-Democrat, came forward at once with an offer of every facility at the command of the Globe-Democrat to enable the POST-DISPATCH to appear to-day, and Mr. Cundiff, of the Times, addressed the following letter to the office:

ST. LOUIS TIMES,
ST. LOUIS, January 23, 1880.

To the Business Manager, or Foreman POST-DISPATCH.

If the Times can afford the POST-DISPATCH any assistance while its machinery and type are disarranged by the fire this morning I shall be happy to lend any assistance in my power.

Respectfully,
J. H. R. CUNDIFF.

The proprietors of the Republican also tendered the use of their office and material with great courtesy and promptness. The arrangements which have been made in the premises consist in moving the composing-room upstairs in the third story of the old office, where the paper will be set up, and until the press is reorganized the POST-DISPATCH will be printed at the Globe-Democrat office. The building, of which the rear annex only is materially damaged, belongs to Mrs. E. A. Clark of New York. Upon the material of the POST-DISPATCH the insurance, is as follows:

Mechanics' and Traders' New York	$1,250
Shoe and Leather, Boston	1,250
Connecticut Fire Insurance Company, Hartford	1,750
Imperial, London	2,500
Merchants' Insurance Company, Newark	2,625
Commercial Union, London	2,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	2,625
Total	$14,000

It is at present impossible to estimate the loss with anything like accuracy.

Amusement Notes.

The Mapleson grand Italian opera season commences on Monday next. The initial performance will be "Sonnambula," in which the celebrated prima donna Mlle. Miramon will make her debut in St. Louis.

George Heuer's benefit comes off to-morrow night at the Olympic, when "M'liss" will be produced and other attractions. George is popular and should receive a rousing benefit. Tickets should be secured in advance.

Mr. Morrison Renshaw, who resigned from the local staff of the Globe-Democrat some days ago, has accepted a good position in the Assessor's office. He was an enterprising newspaper man and carries with him the good wishes of many friends.

The programmes at the various theaters to-night are: Olympic, Annie Pixley as "M'liss;" Grand Opera-house, Rice's Surprise Party in "Horrors; Pope's, Mr. and Mrs. Bandmann in "The Merchant of Venice;" Theatre Comique, variety entertainment.

Mr. Charles Pope has received the following letter from the Mayor in reference to the proposed benefit in aid of the Irish sufferers:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
MAYOR'S OFFICE.
ST. LOUIS, January 22, 1880.

Charles Pope, Esq., Proprietor of Pope's Theater:

DEAR SIR—Agreeably to your request I beg to inform you that I have appointed Messrs. Gerard B. Allen, Charles Slevin and Charles Green a committee to take charge of such monies as may be secured in the manner proposed by you through the series of entertainments to be given at Pope's Theater during the week commencing January 26, under the joint management of yourself and Mr. Daniel E. Bandmann, for the relief of the sufferers in Ireland.

Yours, respectfully,
HENRY OVERSTOLZ,
Mayor.

The Knights of Maccabees.

The Knights of the Maccabees of the World, an organization of a benevolent character, and somewhat similar to the Sons of Malta, although in a revised and modified form, have lately organized a tent or chapter in this city. The order was originally started in London, Canada, a year ago last August, and has grown in numbers and influence rapidly from that date to the present time. It has an insurance feature connected with the organization by which each member is insured for $1,000, and his wife for one-half that sum. On the death of each member the remaining members are assessed 10 cents each, and the wives of the members 5 cents. The St. Louis Tent, No. 175, was established some two weeks ago, and now has sixty-eight members, including a number of prominent and leading citizens. The St. Louis tent is the first chapter instituted in the West, as the nearest tent of the order is located at Chicago. It is the custom of the association to give a parade at midnight of Mardi Gras, and distribute provisions among the needy poor of the city in which the parade is made. The local tent has decided to make a midnight parade on the 10th of next month, when the members will appear in gorgeous costumes. No particular representation will be attempted on the parade, simply a display of elegant dressing. Two wagons will be loaded with provisions, and the bundles will be distributed among the needy poor of North St. Louis. The names of the deserving poor will be obtained from the police, and only those thus obtained will be presented with articles of food. A meeting of the local tent will be held next Sunday afternoon, when all the preliminary arrangements, including line of march, will be decided upon and arranged. It is expected that the midnight parade will be conducted in a manner worthy of public witness and also creditable to the Knights of Maccabees.

CITY PERSONALS.

Mr. Charles Spalding, proprietor of the Olympic, weighs 200 pounds.

Hon. Thomas Allen takes great delight in driving a very spirited horse.

M. Spratzer is putting up a house on Cecilia, between Lami and Shenandoah.

A. Thollozen is taking down a brick wall on Walnut, between Sixth and Seventh.

The most suave reporter in town is Thornton of the Times. He is an Englishman.

The employes of the United States building call Deputy Marshal Stevens "the Old Reliable."

Charlie Greeley is the dressiest young man in town. He comes out in a nobby new suit every week.

Will Nave has his clothes made in New York. There is no St. Louis tailor who can fit his "form divine."

E. C. Phillips is repairing his store on Franklin avenue, between Twenty-second and Twenty-third streets.

Mr. N. J. Larimore, who has been somewhat unwell lately, is out again, and was on 'Change, as usual, to-day.

Mrs. E. B. Crisman and children, who have been in Tennessee since August, returned to the city this (Friday) morning.

Rev. T. Bernard, of Ashley, Mo., and Rev. Y. W. Whitsett, of Lee's Summitt, were in the city last week attending the Moody meetings.

A. M. Berry, reporter of the Court of Appeals, is out again now after having been confined to the house by sickness for some time.

Gen. Wm. S. Harney has a spacious and well furnished residence on Lucas Place, but stays there very little. He is now in the South.

Rev. B. T. Watson, of Jackson, Tenn., has been in the city during the week attending the Moody meetings and returned home on the 23rd.

John W. Norton leaves on Sunday morning for Baltimore. He goes to join his wife, who is on a visit to her relatives in that city, and also to meet Miss Mary Anderson's company on business.

Mr. Kinealy had a case this morning in Circuit Court No. 3. He still continues to say that he will be petrified before he pays the fine imposed by Judge Wickham. He considers the principle involved dearer than life itself.

DR. CLOPTON extracted a bullet this morning from the left breast of Edward Elmore, of Eleventh street and Cass avenue. Elmore was accidentally shot last September and it was thought impossible for the ball to be extracted. He has been unable to do any work, but will be able hereafter.

Legal Notes.

Law docket was called in No. 3 this morning.

Circuit Court No. 2 has adjourned until Monday morning.

All the divisions of the Circuit Court were in session this morning.

The sixth volume of the Missouri Appeals Reports is now in the hands of the printers and will soon be completed.

In Circuit Court No. 1 this morning leave was granted in the matter of the Life Association of America to sell the property in Livingston county.

The ejectment suit of Wm. Cummings against Ellen Davis and another to recover 3 1-2 acres of land located on the east part of lot 32, P. Lindell's second addition to West St. Louis, was tried in Circuit Court No. 1 this morning.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

The Only Evening Paper in St. Louis

BY THE
DISPATCH PUBLISHING COMPANY,
JOSEPH PULITZER, PRESIDENT.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second class mail matter.]

For Rates of Subscription, for Daily and Weekly, see Third Page.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

POPE'S THEATER—Mr. and Mrs. Bandmann.
OLYMPIC THEATER—Annie Pixley.
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Rice Surprise Party.
THEATRE COMIQUE—Variety Performance.

THE Texas Republican Convention meets to-morrow at Dallas for the purpose of selecting delegates to the Chicago Convention. Grant has the call.

GEN. GRANT has arrived safely in Havana, and a faint echo arrives from that far-off spot to awaken the dying reverberations of the lost boom. He was received as usual.

THE wise men of Kentucky have discovered, after long experience, that lynching fails to improve the morals of their State, and now propose to substitute the whipping-post.

WARR 816 in the Treasury it seems to us that the Greenbackers of the St. Louis Democratic Association are unnecessarily hoggish in seeking a further expansion of the circulating medium.

AFTER all the talk it turns out that the appropriation bills before Congress are not in an advanced state by any means. We inferred that the magnificent bluster about an abbreviated session meant an adjournment in July.

IT is gratifying to be told from Augusta that there is no bad feeling between the members of the Fusion and Republican Legislatures. Maine is probably the only State in the Union where the people can divide 'off to steal the offices without losing their respect for each other.

REFORMER BRISTOW has been over to Boston recently, having himself polished up and lionized by the political purists of that classic city, who are pledged to make a President out of him. It is only by making occasional trips to Boston and partaking of bean banquets that Mr. Bristow is able to attract the attention of the country.

IT has been decided that a preference for Mr. Bayard as a Presidential candidate unfits a man for official service in the Democratic Association of St. Louis, though a man is not in the least disqualified by reason of his affection for Samuel J. Tilden, the celebrated New York bullionist and specie advocate. A note should be made of this.

THE Grant managers are trying to switch Gen. Jno. B. Washburne off into the gubernatorial office of Illinois so as to keep him off the Presidential course. Washburne has outgrown the Governorship of a new State like Illinois. He has the Presidential itch and is quite likely to make himself disagreeable if he is not well treated at the Chicago Convention.

LATE attempted elucidation makes it very doubtful whether Lieut. Gorringe has found any Masonic emblems in the base of the Alexandrian obelisk which William Henry Hurlbut is importing. His theory is all based on the manner in which certain stars are laid and squared. The probabilities are that the Lieutenant is a talented Mason, and that he sees things with his powerful mind's eye.

IT is difficult to please the stalwart Republicans. The Mississippi Democrats declined to send fire-eater Barksdale to the Senate, and the *Globe-Democrat* opens to remark that the Barksdale family is losing its grip. It suggests that they will have to shoot a few more Conservatives to keep up their reputation. As Mr. George, the gentleman chosen for the Senate over Barksdale, never shot any Conservatives or killed any negroes, it would seem that Mississippi is not popularizing that style of amusement this year.

INDIGNATION, astonishment and shame prevail at Appleton City, Mo. Intelligence reached that fair spot yesterday that President Hayes, for the sole purpose of pleasing and accommodating Senator Cockrell, had appointed to the office of Postmaster a naturalized Englishman named Grantly, who never voted a Republican ticket in his life. When the first shock of paralysis caused by this announcement passes away it will probably be discovered that Mr. Hayes appointed a man of Democratic proclivities simply because it was necessary to have somebody who could read and write.

[illegible] by one the beauties of the Scheme and Charter appear. The freeholders from [illegible] unfathomable intellects sprang that [illegible] piece of municipal machinery [illegible] have the pleasure of seeing fifty-[illegible] in the School Board. Judge [illegible] decided that the honorable free-[illegible] had no power to limit the number [illegible] of the School Board to [illegible], but that there should still be [illegible] from each ward as there were [illegible] regime. Mr. Hill, the presi-[illegible] Board, says that under [illegible] will immediately proceed [illegible] tion for the additional [illegible] The probabilities [illegible] shall soon have a [illegible] of fifty-six mem-[illegible] junction

OUR BLACK FRIDAY.

THE POST-DISPATCH appears to-day in the novel role of a Phoenix rising from its ashes with its tail-feathers badly singed. We give in another column the details of the accident which last night destroyed our printing machinery and disarranged our composing-room as completely as though an earthquake had taken hold of it. Our principal loss is in press, paper in stock and type, but the inconvenience and curtailment of our facilities for some weeks will in the end prove our most serious damage.

Through the courtesy of the proprietors of the *Globe-Democrat*, who have placed their machinery at our disposal, we are able to make our appearance this afternoon in a somewhat contracted form. Until our press can be overhauled or a new one substituted we will be compelled to issue the paper in its present folio form.

In this connection we desire to return thanks to our neighbors of the *Times* and *Republican* for their kind offer of assistance and to many friends for words of sympathy and offers of aid. We are especially grateful to the St. Louis Fire Department for the prompt and efficient service rendered in saving and protecting our property. Through the exertions of the firemen a serious calamity to us was prevented.

The POST-DISPATCH is a thoroughly well established institution and is able to survive the ordinary vicissitudes of life. It is an embarassment to have its strength and vigor shorn at a time when its growth is most marked, but all that energy and enterprise can do will be done to heal the wounds of this disaster and in a fortnight we will be ourselves again. In the meantime we feel that the St. Louis public, which has been so uniformly generous in its appreciation of our efforts to supply a good afternoon newspaper, will bear with us and that the patronage which has at all times been extended to us will be continued until we can make better returns.

For the present we will issue but one edition a day—at 4 p. m. Our business department and editorial rooms will be found at the old stand, No. 111 North Fifth street.

SOME twenty-six patriotic members of the St. Louis Democratic Association met last night to perform the important work of electing officers for the ensuing year. When the name of Mr. Ed. Wilkerson, the honored President of the Association, was placed in nomination for re-election, Mr. J. L. Carlisle, a gentleman who is suffering from an excess of financial wisdom, made furious objection on the ground that Mr. W. was a member of the Bayard Club and a pronounced Bayard man. Mr. Carlisle is a believer in the doctrine that the volume of currency should at all times be equal to the wants of trade and that in cases of emergency cabbage-leaves carefully stamped by the Government can be converted into flat dollars to take the place of barbarous metals. He said that the country would regard the election of Mr. Wilkerson to the Presidency as a commitment of the Dem. Ass. of St. Louis to the Presidential aspirations of Mr. Bayard. Gen. Marmaduke and other sensible men counseled harmony and deprecated the introduction of the Presidential question into the club at this early stage, but Mr. W. H. Clopton was nominated by the opposition and elected over Mr. Wilkerson by a vote of 16 to 10. This test vote and the selection of other officers which followed would seem to establish the fact that the Democratic Association of St. Louis is committed to Tilden and an unlimited supply of greenbacks. Mr. Tilden will certainly be delighted to hear that he has received an endorsement at the hands of sixteen cornstalk financiers of St. Louis, and will doubtless be stimulated to write another letter in behalf of hard money and the payment of the national debt in diamonds. The issue having been made and the line drawn, it would be proper for all Bayard members of the Democratic Association to withdraw at once.

GOV. ST. JOHN, the eminently philanthropic executive of Kansas, has written a letter to the Chicago *Inter-Ocean* setting forth the condition of the Kansas end of the negro exodus. He estimates that since last April from 15,000 to 20,000 negro refugees have entered the State, and that about one-half that number have been provided with work and homes by the Relief Association. He says that there is much suffering and destitution among those who have not been provided for. About $20,000 has been expended in taking care of the poor and helpless and forwarding them to places where work could be obtained. The pious Governor thinks that 100,000 Southern negroes will invade the North during the present year. He thinks that God will furnish funds to Kansas to take care of her share of them, but he mildly suggests that the noble State of Illinois, "the great State of Illinois, that furnished to this country Abraham Lincoln, who issued the proclamation that set these people free, and Grant, at the head of the great army that enforced it, could do no greater honor to herself and her martyred heroes than to open wide her doors to the unfortunate refugees, and furnish homes for 50,000 of them where they could earn their own living, instead of sending supplies to them to a State that is already overcrowded with them to such an extent as to render it almost impossible to secure labor for them, so that they may be self-supporting." This would seem to indicate that Kansas has got about enough of a good thing.

A BROOKLYN woman had a husband who was an habitual drunkard. She went around to all the saloon-keepers and told them about it and warned them against selling him any liquor. One Siegrist, who keeps a place on Fulton street, did not heed the warning, and the woman popped a suit against him for $5,000. After hearing the case the Judge of the City Court did not think the damage quite so great. He, however, gave the plaintiff a verdict for $110. After paying the lawyer's fee and other costs she probably had $75 clear. If she gets this much every time anybody sells her husband liquor she will either get rich or stop his intemperance. We commend the example to a number of ladies in St. Louis.

THE fire will not interfere in any way with the publication of the beautiful poem, "Antony and Cleopatra," to-morrow afternoon. Having said that we would print it, we will print it, notwithstanding the obstacles which have been thrown in our way. If our office was set on fire by any human monster in order to prevent a carrying out of this purpose, the villain will understand that he has been thwarted. Ha! ha! If we had announced "Beautiful Snow," however, we would not have blamed him.

A SPECIAL telegram from Springfield, Mo., announces that a son of Gov. Phelps was locked up in the calaboose of that town last night for the crime of being drunk. If all the sons of prominent gentlemen who perpetrate offenses against the Constitution in this style are to be telegraphed over the country, the great enterprising newspapers will be compelled to enlarge, to the extent of a mansard roof at least.

NEWSPAPER correspondents complain that to Vice-President Wheeler is utterly unable prevent loud talking in the Senate during business hours. It seems impossible for him to preserve any sort of order. This is because nobody respects him. There is a suspicion that he was not really elected to the office that he holds—that he is, in fact, an Usurper.

THE first State election of 1880 will be held in Indiana in April, when seven amendments of the Constitution of the State are to be voted upon. This election would be without political significance were it not that one of the amendments will, if adopted, change the time of the next and all future general elections from October to November.

THE Washington Post prints a cut of a gloomy-looking building in that city, which it styles the New National Museum, and urges the Democratic party to hold its National Convention therein. When the Democratic party reaches the fossiliferous State it will be time enough to exhibit it in that Museum.

WE shake hands with our charred and water-logged friends of the Alton Telegraph and the Cherryvale (Kansas) Globe.

IT will be observed that in our account of the POST-DISPATCH conflagration no mention is made whatever of the Fire Fiend. This would seem to indicate that we are not in the least demoralized.

THERE is only one man in St. Louis whose taxable property rates him a millionaire.—[Chicago Times.

And yet we have common newspaper men here who wouldn't sell out for twice that amount.

A FIRE in a printing office is equal to three removes and one strike.

PERSONAL.

—Nicolini is said to have lost his voice. But he still has Patti's.

—During leap year look out for Susan B. Anthony and Mrs. Hicks-Lord.

—Frank Leslie left his sons nothing, not even his successfully felonious shears.

—A good many "humorists" are mourning. Since Frank Leslie died there's no one left to steal bad jokes.

—Campanini, the tenor, used to be a blacksmith. As a singer, however, he is a horse-shoer ed success.

—Mr. Kearney calls Jay Gould a shark-snouted cormorant and lop-sided pelican. Mr. Gould must certainly be a queer bird.

—Dr. McCosh, President of Princeton College, who does not believe in nazing, has a any rate attended a White House reception.

—General Robert C. Schenck, whose name was mentioned in connection with the mission to Brazil, is very ill at his home on Thomas circle, in Washington City, and not expected to live.

—Miss Blanche Davenport says there were two hundred and twenty-five American girls studying singing in Milan when she was there, and that of this number only six have been heard of since.

—The congregation sang "We are going home to die no more," in a Westfield (Mass.) church, and an irreverent fellow, leaning over to a dyed deacon, said in a loud tone: "Then you'll be gray in a week."

—John McCullough has been quite uniformly successful this season, financially speaking, having cleared over $20,000. His friends will rejoice to hear this. We have no more industrious or conscientious actor than Mr. McCullough.

—"The Rev. F. Bell, the Singing Preacher," whom Brooklynites will remember, has been holding a debate with Mr. Walter Gregory, "well known in racing circles," at Nottingham on the subject of opening museums and free libraries on Sunday.

—The widow of ex-President Tyler has asked Congress for a pension, on the ground of the immense depression in the value of her real estate, the mortgages on her northern property having been foreclosed, and those on her southern property constantly troubling her. She says: "I find I have scarcely anything whatever left to live upon."

—Thomas Veal, a pirate, hid himself and his treasure in a cave at Dungeon Rock, Mass., and, in 1858, by an earthquake, both were buried. Such is the story that Edward D. Marble believed, and for twenty-nine years he dug for the loot, under spiritual guidance. He died a few days ago of consumption contracted in the work. A hole in the ground 135 feet deep is all that he made by his labor.

—Mr. Lawrence Barrett says that Mr. Howells' drama, "A New Play," so fascinates him that when he is not on the stage he finds himself drawn to the wings, where he stands staring at the actors like one who sees a play for the first time. "One night," he adds, "Miss Cummins' words so took possession of me that I forgot that I, too, was an actor, and before an audience. When my turn came to speak I had forgotten my part."

—Cardinal Manning, speaking at a temperance meeting at Liverpool the other day, said that in Manchester, Liverpool and London the Teetotal League of the Cross numbered fifty thousand of the soberest men in England. Drunkenness was affecting England's factory hands to such an extent, he said, that Americans who had visited England to study the labor question declared that the factory labor of America was more efficient than that of England in consequence of intemperance among the English factory operatives.

News Away From Home.

[From the Philadelphia Times.]

There is serious trouble in St. Louis in the management of the Monument Association, which has for its object the erection of a monument to the memory of Frank P. Blair. A clerk has been employed at a salary of $100 a month, and, to make matters worse, ex book and ex-lightning rod agents have been employed to canvass the country for subscriptions, the agents to receive as their recompense twenty-five per cent of all they collect.

A Pertinent Question.

[From the New York Herald.]

Our people are free to encourage Mr. Parnell as much as they please, but it is improper for any branch of their government to make a demonstration in his favor. What would we have said if, previous to our civil war, the British House of Commons had opened their hall to William Lloyd Garrison for an abolition meeting, or during the war to an agitating emissary of the rebellion?

In Favor of It.

[From the Atlanta Constitution.]

Grave rumors connect the name of Mr. Charles O'Conor with that of the bewitching Mrs. Hicks-Lord in a matrimonial way. We take high ground in favor of the nuptials. When these distinguished parties are safely united, the abolition of the States and the consolidation of the nation can go on without any notable interruption.

A Serious Charge.

[From the New York Sun.]

It is very clear that Gen. Grant played into the hands of Jay Gould and Fisk on Black Friday, and enabled them to carry on their speculation in gold, to the utter confusion of business in general, until he dared to do it no longer; while his wife shared in the ill-gotten gains of these men to the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars.

Witty But Wicked.

[From the Cincinnati Commercial.]

It was the witty but wicked remark of Col. Ingersoll that the nation was poor indeed that could afford but one God. Whatever may be thought of that, there can be no doubt of the impoverished condition of a party that can afford but one candidate for the Presidency.

Two Good Reasons.

[From the Springfield Republican.]

The New York Herald, searching for the reasons why Grant should be renominated, fixes upon the fact that he wants to be, as the principal ground. It overlooks the important consideration, which should at least rank second, that Mrs. Grant wants him to be.

We Hold the Edge.

[From the Chicago Times.]

Cincinnati is striving to be recognized as the wickedest city of the continent, if not of the world, but the boast is vain. St. Louis is in the way.

Occupation for All.

[From the Courier-Journal.]

There is no excuse for men moping about, complaining of nothing to do, so long as the Governorship of Maine is open to everybody.

PUBLIC OPINION.

Wants to Know, You Know.

ST. LOUIS, January 22, 1880.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

As one of the thousand subscribers to the St. Louis Lecture Course, I would like, through your paper, to inquire what the managers of that course are going to do. Are they defunct, bankrupt or only sleeping? The four-eyed solicitor told me that they had a thousand subscribers at five dollars each. What has become of the five thousand dollars? They gave three entertainments only, and I never saw any flaming advertisements, so that the subsidy to the press could not have absorbed that amount. The three entertainments were not expensive, certainly, if the talent obtained was considered, and the hall rent (if it was paid) was not very large. Are the managers of this course frauds? That is what I would like to know. Can you give me light? Yours respectfully,
A SUBSCRIBER.

Words of Cheer.

ST. LOUIS, January 23, 1880.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The news of the unfortunate accident which occurred to the POST-DISPATCH, last night, occasions many expressions of sympathy in this portion of the city. Your valuable and spicy paper is a household necessity in every family in this vicinity, and to miss an issue would put each subscriber to his wits' end to supply the want. The announcement that your losses are not so great as first estimated and that your familiar face will not disappear even for a day is a fact over which we congratulate ourselves and you. WEST END.

CONTAGIOUS DISEASES.

A Duty Prescribed by City Ordinance in Relation to Them, and Neglected by Physicians.

This season, according to the rule of alternative years recognized by physicians, is the year for measles and other contagious diseases. Dr. Ludeking, clerk of the Board of Health, in response to an inquiry as to general health of the city said: "Though this is the year for measles we have have been remarkably lucky. The mortality for last week was but ninety-two, and the total deaths from zymotic diseases twenty-three. During the week ending last Saturday there occurred 1 death from measles, 1 from scarlet fever, 3 from croup, 3 from diphtheria, 4 from typhoid fever and 10 from other contagious diseases. Measles are very prevalent this year, but are of a very mild type. In the locality bounded by Market and Spruce, and east of Ninth, there has been a number of cases, but very few deaths from this cause. In the Fourteenth Ward ten deaths resulted from zymotic diseases last week, there have also been several cases of diphtheira, croup and other diseases of that class in the southern portion of the city. But as I said before measles is the most prevalent."

"Have you any way of ascertaining the number of cases at present in the city?"

"No, we have not, though we should have. There is an ordinance which makes it the duty of every physician to report cases or contagious diseases, but, notwithstanding this, they very rarely comply with its provisions, and consequently we can make no estimate from this scource."

The ordinance referred to is No. 10,615, and is as follows:

SECTION 1. It shall be the duty of each and every practicing physician of the city of St. Louis, First. To report to the Health Commissioner or nearest Police Station every case of small-pox or contagious disease he may be called on to attend with in limits of the city or within ten miles thereof, within twelve hours after he shall have examined the patient, with the number of the house, the name of the occupant and the street. Second. Whenever required by the Health Commissioner to report to him at such times and in such forms as he may prescribe the number of persons attacked with any pestilential, contagious or infectious disease, attended by such physicians within twelve hours next preceding, and the number of persons attended by such physicians who shall have died within twelve hours next preceding such report of any pestilential, contagious or infectious disease. Any practicing physician who shall neglect or refuse to perform the duties required of him by this ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars.

Notwithstanding the expheitness of this ordinance not more than twenty-five per cent of physicians act in accordance with its provisions.

The Packet Unpleasantness.

In Circuit Court No. 4 this morning the case of James Ward, R. C. Gray, D. Hunkins, A. Jacobs, T. H. Griffith, J. B. Rhodes, Ben Courser, Thomas B. Hill, Wm. Hill, George Knox and Henry Hill against W. T. Davidson, Peter Conrad, John Shethar, William Rhodes, A. M. Hutchinson, T. L. Davidson, P. S. Davidson and the Keokuk Northern Line Packet Company came up for trial. The petition sets forth that the defendant is a corporation according to law and that the suit was brought on behalf of the plaintiffs and all other stockholders of the company having an interest, who shall elect to share in the benefits and expenses, saving the defendants named above. The plaintiffs further state that the amount of the capital stock of the said corporation is $751,000, divided in 7,510 shares of $100 each, of which the plaintiffs own a minority of the shares. The plaintiffs claim that a majority of the shares are owned by W. F. Davidson, who controls the election and dictates the offices. The plaintiffs further state that in April, 1875, the company was in a flourishing condition, having $60,000 above all debts and claims, while under the management of the defendants the corporation is now no tso successful in a financial way. The petition charges the defendants with mismanagement, nepotism, violating the charter regulation. The plaintiffs therefore pray that the defendants be suspended from offices as directors and President and superintendent as soon as it shall appear that they have abused their trust, on proof of gross misconduct; that a new election be ordered, and that said defendants be restrained from wasting and misapplying the property of said corporation; that the defendants be compelled to account for their official conduct in the illegal management of the funds; that they be ordered to pay to such corporation the value of property which they illegally acquired. The plaintiffs further pray that a receiver be appointed to take charge of the business and mansge the affairs of the Keokuk Northern Line Company under a judicial order. The morning hour was occupied in reading the petition, which is of great length.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

It is stated that ex-Governor Pinchback, of Louisiana, will be appointed naval officer at New Orleans.

The Lower House of the Kentucky General Assembly has passed the bill reviving the whipping-post.

Major Broadhead, Paymaster of the United States Army, was robbed while en route from Fort Leavenworth to Fort Reno of $20,000.

The Maryland Republican Convention to select delegates to the Republican National Convention will be held at Frederick City, May 6.

Secretary Schurz has received a telegram from Gen. Hatch, stating the delegation of Southern Ute Indians were en route to Washington.

The Republican Convention of Kentucky will meet April 14 at Loufsville for the purpose of electing delegates to the National Convention.

The Sharp county Court-house at Evening Shade, Ark., was fired by incendiaries Tuesday night and totally destroyed, with all the county records. Loss $20,000; no insurance.

A shooting affray occurred at Lone Jack, Mo., Wednesday evening, in which Green Crisp, brother of Col. John T. Crisp, was fatally, and George Tate, seriously wounded.

The steamer Admiral arrived at Havana, Cuba, Thursday, having on board General and Mrs. Grant, Col. Fred. Grant and his wife, Gen. Phil. Sheridan and his wife, and two young ladies.

The building occupied by Robert B. Smith, druggist, the Alton Telegraph, and Beall & Co., job printers, Alton, Ill., was destroyed by fire Thursday morning. Loss, 110,000; insurance, $80,000.

A large stone building, occupied by a furniture store and the Globe Printing Company, at Cherryville, Kas., was burned Wednesday night. Ed. S. Henderson, foreman of the Globe, and William McCaim, a printer, were burned to death.

A collision occurred between two freight trains on the P. and E. road, near Cameron, Pa., Thursday morning. One of the engineers was killed and several trainmen were seriously injured. Both engines were completely demolished.

W. W. Nottingham, a cigar maker at Milwaukee, appeared at the police station, Thursday, and requested that he be taken into custody for the murder of a man six years ago, at Norfolk, Va. During his six years' wanderings the face of his victim has been before him, and he wanted to be [illegible] folk and punished for the deed.

COL. JOHN F. PHILLIPS.

The New Congressman From the Seventh District On His Way to Washington.

Col. John F. Phillips, the recently elected Congressman from the Seventh Missouri District, passed through the city to-day on his way to Washington. He honored the office of the POST-DISPATCH with a visit and was taken advantage of by a reporter, and slightly interviewed. The Colonel is looking remarkably well, and is in good condition to enter upon the important work of a national legislator. His late campaign seems to have agreed with him in an eminent degree, though he did an unusual amount of speaking and traveling. When asked why Cole county had given a majority against him while all the balance of the district had given an increased Democratic majority, he said he could attribute it to nothing else but the agitation that had been stirred up about the removal of the State capital to Sedalia. "But," said the Colonel, "I do not blame the Democrats of Jefferson City for it. They are honorable men and feel much embarrassed at what has been said about the matter. The leading Democrats of Cole County worked earnestly for me, but the Republicans and negroes came out solidly against me and it was through them alone that McClurg got his majority."

The reporter asked Col. Phillips what he thought of the general political outlook?

"It is favorable, I think," said he, "if the Democrats nominate the right man for President."

"Who is the right man?"

"The Kansas City Times sent a reporter down to interview me on that subject just before I left Sedalia. He asked me who I was for for President, and I said I was for the nominee of the National Democratic Convention. This is about as much as I care to say on the subject just at present."

The Colonel said something about how thoroughly equipped he was for his trip to Washington.

"Some days before I left home," said he, "one of my good farmer constituents brought me the model of a plow which he wanted me to take to Washington and get patented. When I left the depot last night the contents of one of my valices consisted entirely of a bottle of Bourbon whisky and this plow model. The latter an emblem of my devotion to the agricultural interests, and the other a sign of my Democracy. Now, I would not have Vest to know this for anything, for I should never hear the last of it."

Col. Phillips goes East over the Vandalia this evening.

THE MILLERS.

Preparations for Their Approaching International Exhibition.

The millers in the city are making active preparations for the approaching Millers' International Exhibition, which opens at Cincinnati on the 31st of next May. This will be the first International Millers' Convention ever held, and will no doubt be accompanied by many results advantageous to the flour interests of this country. St. Louis is particularly interested, since she is the largest flour-making city in the Union, and one of the most important flour markets in the world. Col. Gilmore, proprietor of the Grand Central Hotel, Cincinnati, was over here yesterday consulting with Mr. George Bain, president of the National Millers' Association, about providing accommodations for the delegates who are coming, not only to the exhibition, but for those also who are coming to the National Millers' Convention, which meets in Cincinnati next fall, and which will be in session during the earlier part of the Exhibition. The latter will last two weeks. Over fifty millers from England, Ireland and Scotland have already the proper persons here that will be present, and the railroads have been kind enough to make special rates for them after they get to this country, so they can visit St. Louis, Minneapolis and other great flour centers after the Exibition is over. President Bain is in receipt of a number of letters from gentlemen in England who wish to bring over milling machinery for exhibition, and it is expected that the display of home and foreign goods will be by far the finest ever seen. Congress has very kindly passed a bill allowing all articles for the exhibition to be admitted free of duty, unless they should be sold. The same rule will apply in this case that was in operation during the Centennial Exposition. The premiums to be awarded range from $300 down to $30. The highest premium is to be given for the best automatic cut-off stationary steam engine. The exhibition is to be held in the grand Cincinnati Exposition building.

"BROTHER ORVILLE."

He Has Gone Into Legitimate Business At Last.

[From the Chicago Times.]

For some months past, persons residing in Chicago and St. Louis and divers other cities, who happened to know Orville Grant, brother of the ex-President, have been led to believe that he was about to embark in some scheme which would increase the amount of money in the world in a marvelous degree, since any of the many enterprises which he contemplated embarking promised to yield more money for his own private purse than was now believed to be in existence. Sometimes it was mines, sometimes it was leather, and sometimes it was horses, but whatever the speculation happened to be, it always meant money. But somehow nobody has ever seen any of these great schemes begin to grow and flourish, and it was generally supposed that the originator was still planning, until on yesterday afternoon, when the Times reporter dropped into the registry department of the Chicago Post-office. There, seated near the east end of a table running the entire length of the apartment and planked on either side by a trio of what Mary Livermore or the irrepressible "Jane Gray" would proudly classify as the sisterhood, was "Brother Orville" industriously engaged in applying daubs of gummarabic to flaps of envelopes, the doubtful adhesiveness of which had been pronounced upon by an expert. Inquiry developed a statement of the fact that Orville had been induced on Friday last to abandon his mining interests and other commercial projects, close his stalls and foreswear the pleasures of the race track, to assist Uncle Sam in running the Federal machinery, at a compensation of $700 a year.

"So you have finally dovetailed Orville into the service?" said the reporter, addressing one of the officials in the main office.

"O, yes; you see we needed a man in the registry department, and it was deemed advisable to give the appointment to Orville. He feels at home there, and entertains the girls during their leisure moments with passages from 'Pinafore,' and other popular operas. He goes and comes pretty much as he likes, and will probably assume charge of the department within a few days."

The reporter endeavored to get an explanation from some one about the Post-office why Orville's claims to position in the service had been overlooked until this late day, but the effort was fruitless of success, beyond a meaningless assurance from a subordinate, to the effect that a new tenant would soon warm the executive chair, and that Orville's brother was heading in that direction, and that the present Postmaster of Chicago considered it a duty to reward Gen. Grant for past favors bestowed, by making room for Orville.

THE BOOMING BROOMSTICK.

A Bishop Beautifully Belabored by a Bouncing Woman.

[From the Salt Lake Tribune.]

The other day a little flurry was created on one of our principal streets by the sight of a dignified and portly individual, no less a personage, in fact, than one of the Bishops of the Church of J. C. of L. D. S., rushing along the sidewalk in breathless haste, closely followed by an indignant woman armed with a broom. Twice or thrice in the course of the pursuit the flying Bishop received a well-directed blow from this weapon, which had the effect of causing him to break into a mad gallop which he kept up until he disappeared around the nearest corner. An inquiry as to the meaning of this unusual spectacle developed the following facts:

A good saint, whom we will call Brother Jones, because that isn't his name, has resided in Salt Lake City many years, and accumulated considerable property, but he has always lived beneath his religious privileges, and contented himself with one wife. On the day referred to the Bishop, feeling called upon to admonish him with regard to his neglect of the glorious principle of Latter-day dispensation, called and reproved him in the presence of his wife, telling him that his chances of exaltation would be slim indeed if he did not set about looking up another spouse at once. Sister Jones only waited to hear him finish the first sentence of the latter portion of his admonition; then, seizing the broom, she exclaimed: "Get out of this, you villain; I'll teach you to come into an honest woman's house and advise her husband to take another wife. Take that, and that"—laying the broom-handle vigorously about his head and shoulders. The wretched Bishop grabbed his hat and made for the door, but before he could reach it the blows fell thick and fast on his defenseless head. Once outside, he thought himself safe, but he discovered his mistake. Nemesis was behind him in the shape of that broom, and his flight—through the gate and down the street—was accelerated every few steps in the manner we have described. When he reached home and counted up his bruises, he registered a vow. Henceforth, when he counsels an erring brother he will choose his opportunity more wisely, and the admonitions that he gives on celestial marriage will be uttered far from the hearing of indignant wives armed with brooms.

Brother Beecher in Politics.

[From the New York Sun.]

The reappearance of the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher in politics in Brooklyn has caused a stir there among politicians. The Republican party in Kings County has for a long time needed a leader with the same influence and skill as Hugh McLaughlin, the Democratic leader, possesses, and until Mr. Beecher consented to mingle in politics a little the Republicans did not find one of their own party who upon initiating a movement did not almost instantly find himself checked by opposition. Mr. Beecher, not being concerned in the fight between the factions in his party, encounters few obstacles when he starts in for an appointment or a political favor. His influence is accordingly beginning to be more and more sought by politicians, and those who remember how Hugh McLaughlin came into power say that Mr. Beecher is now treading the same path. Mr. Beecher started in last fall with Thomas G. Shearman to defeat Franklin Woodruff, the candidate of the Republicans for Mayor, Mr. Woodruff having been the partner of Francis D. Moulton, and a witness for the plaintiff in Theodore Tilton's suit against the Plymouth pastor for $100,000 damages for criminal conversation. The service Mr. Beecher thus rendered to the Democratic candidate, Mayor Howell, who was elected, created an obligation, which Mr. Beecher and Mr. Shearman wish to have repaid by the nomination by the Mayor of Mr. Jonathan T. Norton for Assessor. A few days ago Mr. Beecher visited the Mayor's office on this mission.

Mean People in a Magnificent Church.

[From Mr. Bonner's New York Ledger.]

A statement has recently gone the rounds of the press that the Rev. Dr. John Hall received, last year, ten thousand dollars in marriage fees. In a very interesting article in the present number of the Ledger, Dr. Hall flatly contradicts this statement, and says that he never received as much as five hundred dollars of marriage fees in one year. We did not give the slightest credence to the ten thousand dollar story; yet we could hardly believe on less authority than the Doctor's own word, that his marriage fees for a whole year amounted to less than five hundred dollars, especially when we consider the large and wealthy congregation to whom he ministers, and the great number of showy and fashionable marriages he celebrates. The general public, we are afraid, will come to the logical conclusion that, even in such a church as the Fifth Avenue, there must be people who, if not exactly what can be called mean, when they have a marriage in the family, are much more bent on an outside, gorgeous, ostentatious display than they are upon dealing, with an unsecen hand, liberally with their beloved pastor. Probably the fees of all ministers would be greatly increased if the custom were to have the amount paid the officiating clergyman in some way made public.

Harbor Defenses.

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

The New York Chamber of Commerce is disputing over the best means of harbor defense. Col. Conkling, brother of the Senator, thought the only true defense of the harbor was the torpedo system. Mr. Elliott C. Cowdin, from the Executive Committee, made a report on the subject, maintaining that the city would be at the mercy of a foreign fleet in case of war, that the guns of the fortifications could not pierce the sides of ironclads, and that the city might be called upon to pay an enormous ransom to save it from destruction. In support of these views he read a communication from Gen. Delafield, and said that they were sustained by other authorities. He thought Congress had better be memorialized for an appropriation to purchase heavy rifled ordnance for the defense of the city in case of an attack. Others thought that, as steam-vessels could pass the fortifications in the night, torpedoes offered the only safe means of defense.

The Champion Bigamist.

[Bloomington (Ill.) special to Chicago Times.]

Capt. Butler, of the Bloomington police, to-day arrested at Springfield Geo. Franklin Faulks, who seems to be the champion bigamist of the United States. Faulks about one year ago married a young girl named Ida Savidge, daughter of a widow in Clinton, Ill., an elegant girl. He brought her here, took lodgings, and deserted her. The police have been on his track ever since, and have learned that he is a most detestable villain. It has been shown that Faulks has a wife in Mount Auburn, Christian county, Ill.; one at Winterset, Iowa, one near Champaign, Ill.; one at Williamsville, Ill., Miss Louisa Blodson, and it is believed one at Harrisburg, Pa., where he has been wanted for years for forgery, arson and general devilment. He is aged about thirty-five, and is a good-looking fellow. His parents live in Springfield, and he was arrested at their house.

A. T. Stewart's Body.

[From the New York Herald.]

The Stewart Cathedral at Garden City is rapidly nearing completion. The crypt built as a last resting place for the remains of Mr. Stewart is about finished, having cost something like $90,000. It is generally understood in Garden City that the body of the dead merchant prince will be deposited in the crypt in April, when the dedication of the grand edifice by Bishop Littlejohn is expected to take place. Work on the memorial school is also progressing rapidly, about five million bricks having been put in place since the laying of the corner stone last spring. The foundation of Bishop Littlejohn's residence, south of the cathedral, has been completed, and the other work is to be vigorously pushed forward, as it is intended to have the building ready for occupancy by June.

Mr. Seymour Positively Will Not Run.

[Washington Cor. New York Sun.]

Great injustice has been done to Governor Seymour by a corrupt clique of politicians at Washington, in suppressing a letter of his positively declining to be a candidate for the Presidency, or to accept a nomination under any circumstances. Heretofore he has not been free from responsibility himself, in failing to announce a distinct decision on this subject, and in allowing the impression to go abroad that in a certain contingency his objections might be waived.

But if the terms of a recent letter are not strangely misunderstood, there is no excuse for putting this distinguished Democrat in a false position, or for using his name, with a full knowledge that he has forbidden it to be used in such connection.

THE largest sponge house in America is conducted by the firm of Mansell, Birnbaum & Co., New York; the senior member, Mr. A. Mansell is a strong endorser of St. Jacobs Oil;—he suffered for years with Rheumatism; induced by a friend, he procured a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil and was cured.

Disadvantages of Climate.

[From the Cincinnati Commercial.]

A colored woman in Kansas City died yesterday at the moderate age of 115 years. Had she lived in a climate more favorable to her race, she might have attained a respectable old age. A climate so far North appears to have cut her off prematurely; and yet she was old enough to have been a house servant at Mt. Vernon while General Washington was still living.

To reach the highest standard of health, nature demands the uttmost regularity of the bowels; a slight deviation brings many inconveniences and paves the way to more serious dangers. We can recommend Dr. Bull's Baltimore Pills as the best medicine for the [illegible] of the digestive [illegible]

MISS ELLIS' LOVERS.

One Too Many—The Railroad Conductor Wins the Bride.

[From the New York Times.]

Jerry R. George, a New Jersey Centr Balail-road conductor, was married in Newark a few days ago to Miss Addie S. Ellis. Both are residents of Dover, N. J., and the marriage was performed in the house of George's brother. Miss Ellis was expected to marry Mark Roy, of Hunt's Mills, Sussex county. She had lived at Andover, near by, and the acequaintance between her and Roy was formed there. When she moved to Dover last spring she became acquainted with George; he sang in a church choir, of which she became a member. Miss Ellis' mother, it is said, favored a union between her daughter and the conductor, but Miss Ellis remained loyal to her Sussex county swain, and but before the holidays she wrote to him that she would spend Christmas with her aunt, and they could then get married. On the morning of the 2nd inst. Mrs. Ellis received information from her absent daughter containing the information that she was to be married that evening to Roy. Mrs. Ellis was equal to the emergency. She ordered her coachman to hitch the horses to the family carriage, and sprang into it as soon as the team made its appearance at the cottage gate. Then she drove rapidly to the house of the aunt whom her daughter was visiting. She called Addie out, and when Addie appeared in response to the call, invited her to get into the carriage for a brief consultation. The young lady had no sooner been seated then the door was slammed shut, and the whip was applied to the horses. Miss Addie screamed, and Roy gave chase. His sweetheart put her hand out of the carriage door and Roy seized it, refusing obedience to the mother's demand to let go. The fear that her daughter might be hurt led Mrs. Ellis to consent to a halt, and all went into the house. Mrs. Ellis was surprised to learn that all arrangements had been made for the immediate performance of the wedding ceremony. The minister was in the parlor, and friends had gathered to witness it. The plighted pair consented to a postponement of the nuptials, and Miss Addie, promising to write on the following Sunday, fixing the time and place for the marriage, returned to her home in Dover. Monday came, but the expected letter did not reach Roy. He went to Dover to see his affianced, but was refused admittance. Then he went to George and tried to persuade him to recognize his claim to Miss Addie's hand and heart. George would not read the letter which he produced in corroboration of his story. He would not even listen to the story itself. The next morning Miss Ellis left Dover, and the next feature of the case which became public was the published notice of her marriage to her railroad suitor at Newark.

The Astor Fool.

[A New York Letter to Rochester Democrat.]

It is an old saying that "the Astors have an idiot in every generation." John Jacob's first son was in this condition, and was kept in the asylum. He lived to be an old man, survived his father 20 years, and at his death was placed in the family vault, and the private asylum was transferred to other purposes. William's son, Henry Astor, is not much better than an idiot, and as William learned the unfortunate condition of the boy, he placed him on the farm at Rhinebeck, where he seemed safe from all temptation. William's mistake was in not muring him up in a private asylum, as had been done with the first idiot. Henry imagined himself a preacher, and would occasionally entertain the kitchen circle with a sermon, clad for the occasion in a night-shirt. If any one smiled during the service, he might expect a blow from the infignant preacher. Henry became the companion of the farm hands, through whose medium he got acquainted with an inferior family, where a matrimonial trap was soon successfully sprung. William was thunderstruck by the news that his imbecile son was not only married, but was living at his wife's home. Henry Astor, while preaching in the kitchen, awoke the merriment of a young lady, whom he picked up, washed, basin and dealt her a severe blow. This was followed by other violence, and the result was that the girl's parents sued him for assault and battery, laying the damages at $20,000. The Astors were seriously perplexed by this difficulty, but concluded to defend the case. A heavy verdict, however, was rendered against the would-be preacher, whose relatives then placed him under sufficient restraint to prevent any recurrence of the trouble. The family which captured him is said to be satisfactorily pensioned, and there is now the object of his brother's care. Thus he lives in luxurious idleness, and the present sale of the Astor House is merely to settle the estate and place his share in a separate shape.

Bob Ingersoll on the Rev. Jo. Cook.

[Rochester Democrat's Report of the Lecture.]

Mr. Joseph Cook charges that I am in favor of what he calls "free literature." When he made the charge he wrote nothing on his speculation. The Rev. Joseph Cook, I understand, was a year in an insane asylum, and his friends were a little too slow in putting him in and a little too quick in taking him out.

ST JACOBS OIL

TRADE MARK

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY.

[From the Chicago Tribune, Nov. 16, 1879.]

MME. MARIE SALVOTTI, the famous prima donna who charmed the audience at the Wilhelmj Classic concert a few weeks ago, and who, it is understood, intends accompanying that famous violinist upon his tour to California, gave the following testimony on behalf of this remedy:

"Having repeatedly had occasion to seek relief in cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, as well as those suffering from troublesome sore throat, I hesitate not in gladly saying that many remedies that nothing can compare with St. Jacobs Oil as a prompt and reliable cure for the ailments named. A number of my professional friends, who have experienced the excellent results, keep it among their traveling companion, and are also enthusiastic in its praise."

Thousands endorse the ST. JACOBS OIL.

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STACEY HILL, Esq., Mt. Auburn Inclined Plane R. R., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Druggists everywhere sell the ST JACOBS OIL at 50 CENTS A BOTTLE. Directions in Fifteen Languages.

LEGAL.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—I will, as Public Administrator of the estate of Ryan, deceased, sell at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five in the afternoon of the fourth Monday, being the

23D DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1880,

in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court for the city of St. Louis, made at its December term, A. D. 1879, all the right, title and interest of said deceased in and to the following described real estate, to-wit:

A certain lot of ground, being the southwest corner of block 62, of survey 3, in the former city of Carondelet, now south part of the city of St. Louis, now known as No. 3,885, with fifty feet front on Davis street, there widened to seventy feet, by a depth of ninety-seven and six-twelfths feet (97 6-12) along Jackson street, sixty feet wide to an alley, ten feet wide. Property acquired by John Ryan, deceased, of E. H. Labruyere and wife, as per warranty deed, recorded in book 499, page 331, of the records of the city of St. Louis, Mo. Terms cash.

For further particulars apply to

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis.
Office, room 19, 2nd floor Ins. Building, N. W. Cor. Sixth and Locust streets.
St. Louis, January 16, 1880. 40A

LEGAL.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of

FRITZ HEITKAMP,

deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

FRITZ HEITKAMP,

deceased, and that I did so on 19th of December, 1873, for the purpose of administering the same, with the will annexed. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.
Office, N. W. Cor. Sixth and Locust Sts., Ins. Building.
St. Louis, Mo., January 2, 1880. 2A

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE OF LETTERS.—In re estate of

NICHOLAS OSER,

deceased.—Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of

NICHOLAS OSER,

deceased, and that I did so on the thirteenth day of December, 1879, for the purpose of administering on the same. All persons having claims gainst said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator City of St. Louis.
Office, Room 19, 2d floor, Ins. Building, N. W. Cor. Sixth and Locust streets.
St. Louis, Mo., January 2, 1880 4A

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—In the matter of the McMahon Plumbing Company. Being satisfied that it is no longer advantageous to the creditors of the McMahon Plumbing Company to keep its assignment open, I shall, on Saturday, January 31, 1880, apply to the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis for an order discharging me from my trust as assignee herein.

R. D. LANCASTER,
Assignee of the McMahon Plumbing Company.
ANGUS CAMERON, Attorney for Assignee.
St. Louis, December 18, 1879. 371

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

MARY E. HEERMANS,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next, 1880.

NATHAN COLE,
Administrator of Mary E. Heermans, dec'd.
St. Louis, January 16, 1880. 61A

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of

GOTTLIEB DIETERICH MEIER,

deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary of the estate of

GOTTLIEB DIETERICH MEIER,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the eighth day of January, 1880. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred. Dated this 9th day of January, 1880.

ELISE GUYE.
Administratrix of August Guye, deceased.
St. Louis, January 16, 1880. 62A

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Michael Lindlif and against Mary Steed and William Steed, and also against special property described in said execution I have therefore levied upon and seized the following described real estate, described and levied upon as follows, to-wit: A lot of ground in block No. 2212 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, and known as lot number thirty (30) of block number five (5) of Market Steet and Chouteau avenue sub-division of said block whereof is of record in the St. Louis, late county, now City, Recorder's office, said lot having a front on the north line of Market Steet of twenty-five (25) feet by a depth of one hundred and thirty-five feet (135) to and alley twenty feet wide; and I will on

FRIDAY, THE 23D DAY OF JANUARY 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 26 1879 399

SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER MORTGAGE.—Whereas John D. Neet, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, by his certain mortgage, dated on the 23rd day of October, 1875, recorded in the Recorder's office, at the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 532, page 367, to secure the unpaid portion of the purchase money of the real estate hereinafter described, conveyed to James M. O'Donnell, of Staten Island, New York, the following described lots, tracts, or parcels of land, situate in the city of St. Louis, (formerly in the county of St. Louis), Missouri, to-wit: 17 of Lowell's subdivision of eight, nine and ten (7, 8, 9 and 10) of Christy's subdivision of the Gratiot League square of the estate of Andrew Christy (a plan of said subdivision being of record in said Recorder's office), said lots containing 16 99-100 acres, and are bounded on the south by McCousland road, on the south by Penrose avenue, on the north by Bernard Hospes, on the east by lots 16 and 18 of said subdivision; which mortgage contains a power of sale, given to said mortgagee, his heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, in case of default in payment of said money, evidenced by the bond of said mortgagor of even date with said mortgage. And whereas said mortgagee, James M. O'Donnell, by his deed of assignment, dated on the 29th day of January, 1876, and recorded in the above-mentioned Recorder's office, in book 543, page 28, sold, assigned, and transferred said bond and mortgage to the National Park Bank of New York, and said National Park Bank of New York, by its deed, dated on the 25th day of September, 1879, recorded in the above-mentioned Recorder's office, book 620, page 84, sold, assigned and transferred said bond and mortgage to Augustus Leisse, of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, who now is the legal holder and owner of said bond and mortgage and the assignee of said original mortgagee; and, whereas, the money in said bond covenanted to be paid and secured by said mortgage has long since fully due and remains unpaid; therefore, under the power of sale in said mortgage contained, I shall proceed on MONDAY, THE 23D DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and three o'clock in the afternoon, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, the property above described, or so much thereof as shall be necessary and sufficient to carry out the intention and provisions of the said mortgage.

AUGUST LEISSE,
Assignee of the Mortgagee.
28

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Public notice is hereby given that at the request of the legal holder of the notes specified in and secured by a deed of trust dated the 21st day of June, 1872, executed to me by Mary E. Goons, and recorded at page 273 of book No. 456, of the records of deeds for the then county of St. Louis, (now city of St. Louis records,) and in pursuance of the power of sale in said deed of trust contained, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on

SATURDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the eastern front of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the real estate described in said deed of trust described, being the undivided one-half interest in the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and in block No. 66 of the commons of St. Louis, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the east line of Jefferson avenue, 608 feet 10½ inches south of the northwest corner of said block, thence south along the east line of Jefferson avenue 363 feet 3 inches to the northwest corner of a lot now or formerly belonging to Tschirpe; thence east with said Tschirpe's north line 163 feet 8½ inches to Carondelet avenue, thence northeast with the center of said avenue, or road, to a point 608 feet 10½ inches south of the north line of said block, and thence in a straight line to the place of beginning, and containing two and ninety-nine one-hundredths acres, more or less, to satisfy said deed of trust and expenses of these proceedings.

JAMES C. WAY,
Trustee.
St. Louis, January 22, 1880. 94A

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Constantine Lang and Maria B., his wife, by their deed dated July 17th, 1878, and recorded on page 24 of book 599, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described lot of ground situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot No. 11, in block No. 5, in the town of Lowell, a plat of which is of record in Plat Book No. 1, Vol. 1, page 13, in said Recorder's office, said lot having a front of 50 feet on the west line of Third street by a depth westwardly of 150 feet to the alley of said block, and is bounded north by lot No. 10, and south by lot No. 12 of said block, and is the same property as acquired by said Lang of E. Carter Hutchinson and wife, by deed dated May 12, 1873, and recorded on page 208 of book 471, in said Recorder's Office; in trust to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed. Now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p.m. of the

TWENTY-SECOND DAY OF JANUARY, 1880,

for the purpose of said trust.

CHARLES HICKEL, Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., January 22, 1880. 96A

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Wm. Haworth and Sarah D. Haworth, his wife, by their deed dated June 11th, 1872, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the County of Audrain, State of Missouri, in book H of Mortgages, on pages 336 and 337, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, lying and being situate in the said County of Audrain, to-wit: The east half of the northwest quarter of section twenty-five (25), township fifty-two (52), range eleven; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed; and whereas, in the payment of one of said notes default has been made; now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on

SATURDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880,

for the purposes of said trust.

OLIVER B. FILLEY,
Trustee.
St. Louis, January 22, 1880. 59A

LEGAL.

TRUSTEES' SALE.—Whereas E. Ripley Sibley and Susan C., his wife, by their deed dated March 7, 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis, in this State, in book 545, at page 75, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, lying and being situated in said city of St. Louis—that is to say, lots numbered six (6) and nine (9) of Sibley's subdivision of part of United States Survey No. 1661; a plat of which subdivision is of record and on file in the Recorder's office of said city in plat book No. 9, page 21; said lots each having a front on the north line of the Olive Street road of fifty (50) feet, by a depth northwardly of the same width of one hundred and sixty-two and one-half (162½) feet, to the north line of said survey; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed; now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer for sale at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. for the purposes of said trust.

ISAAC M. VEITCH,
ALFRED CARR,
Trustees.
St. Louis, January 6, 1880. 16A

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Meyer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Scottish Hyerman, doing business as a copartnership of Mary Halocher, August Reinders, Oscar Haynes and Clara Haynes, wife of Oscar Haynes, and Henry Laughlin, trustee, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: A lot or piece of ground in block 57, in addition to the Commons, which said lot is bounded and fronting 120 feet on Stoddard avenue and running back 140 feet to an alley, and bounded on the north and east by alleys, on the south by property of John T. Douglass, and west by Stoddard avenue, and lying situate and being in the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, and I will on

MONDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 30, 1879. 416

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1880, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Henry D. Laughlin, Bernard Murphy, A. M. Ellenny and Philip J. Smith are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

1. Lot No. 37 Block No. 1 of Orchard Place Addition to the city of St. Louis, said lot fronting 25 feet on Orchard avenue by a depth of 125 feet deep.

2. Lot No. 39 of said block and addition, fronting 25 feet on Orchard avenue by 123 feet deep.

3. Lot No. 41 of said block and addition, fronting 25 feet on orchard avenue by 123 feet deep.

4. Lot No. 8 city block No. 1640, of the city of St. Louis, said lot fronting 25 feet on Chippewa street by 125 feet deep.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JANUARY,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, charged with said lien, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 30, 1879. 415

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of William F. Cozzens and against John A. Young and J. W. Hall, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot 23 and 24 in city block No. 17 of the city of St. Louis, beginning in the south line of Gamble avenue at a point 332 feet west of the west line of High street, thence south parallel with High street 232 feet and 4 inches to Gamble avenue, thence along the south line of Gamble avenue 100 feet to the point of beginning; and I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendants, or so much thereof as satisfy the costs in said execution.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., January 3, 1880. 6A

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of four executions issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, one in favor of August Geyer, to the use of L. Padberg, assignee, another in favor of William Roenhield and Adolph Krauss, and the other two are in favor of Frederick Gottschalk and Edward L. Gottschalk, and all four are against Gottlieb Schnabel, I have levied on and seized all the right, title and interest of defendant, Gottlieb Schnabel, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot No. 14, in block numbered one (1) in Arsenal addition to the city of St. Louis, a plat of which addition is of record in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, and having a front on the west line of Carondelet avenue of 2 feet, and with that width running back one hundred and twenty-five feet to an alley, and lot No. 15, south by lot No. 13 of said block one (1), east by Carondelet avenue, and west by an alley.

Also, lots numbered 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 in part of tract known as the St. Louis Commons, of block numbered one (1) of the third subdivision of the city commons, made under ordinances No. 3,329, a plat of which subdivision is recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, said lots having a front of 135 feet on the north line of Wyoming street by a depth of 125 feet, bounded east by Minnesota avenue, south by Wyoming street, west by lot numbered 6 and north by an alley.

Also, all that certain lot of ground in John E. Lesperance's addition to the city of St. Louis, Missouri, being lot No. 132 in block No. 5, containing 25 feet on De Mun, also called Kosciusko, street, by 100 feet in depth, bounded north by Lesperance street, east by Francis Saler, south by No. 131 and west by De Mun street aforesaid, it being a part of the property acquired by the said party of the first part by deed March 2d, 1871, and recorded in Recorder's office of St. Louis county (now city) in book 423, page 374. And I will on

FRIDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1880,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendants, or so much thereof as satisfy said executions and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, January 6, 1880. 19A

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Karl Stacmme and Theresa, his wife, by their deed, dated on the 3d day of October, 1871, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, in book 438, page 76, conveyed to John A. Collet the following real estate, situate in the county of St. Louis (now, namely: Lot numbered eleven (11) of D. J. Talbot's subdivision of U. S. survey 2030, in Township 46 north of range 4east, a plat of which is to be found in plat book 2, page 24, said bounded as follows: Beginning at the center of Bonhomme plank road, where the south line of the U. S. survey No. 2030 crosses the same; thence with the center of said road north 81¼° east 5 chains to a corner in the road; thence north 10° west 13 chains to corner with lot No. 10, from which a sugar maple 36 inches in diameter bears north 62° east 31 links; thence north 57½° west 4-33 chains to corner in road from which a white walnut 12 in. in diameter, bears S. 77° E. 13½ links; thence N. 2½° W. 4.32 chs. to corner in road; thence S. 80½° W. 3.11 chs. to buckeye, 10 in. in diameter, corner at foot of bluff; thence along and near foot of bluff S. 57° W. 26.53 chs. to buckeye tree, corner of Talbot's avenue; thence on a traverse with the meanders thereof and with Eastern line of lot No. 5, S. 28° E. 5.40 chs. S. 47° E. 3.20 chs. S. 89½ E. 2.32 chs. S. 44° E. 1.31 chs. to corner to lots 5 and 11 on south line of said survey; thence with said south boundary line S. 82½° E. 18.05 chs. to the place of beginning; containing 43 76-100 acres, and being the same property conveyed by Thos. Talbot, executor, by deed of date, may 14, 1869, recorded in book 376, page 247; which conveyance was made in trust, to secure the payment of several promissory notes therein described; and whereas said John A. Collet, trustee, has become a non-resident of the State, and upon refusal of the Sheriffs of the city of St. Louis and county of St. Louis, to act, the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, by its order made on January 17, 1880, appointed the undersigned trustee to act in the place of said original trustee, and said notes having become due and remaining unpaid; therefore, at the request of the holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I shall, on

SATURDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and three o'clock in the afternoon, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell the real estate hereinbfore described, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy the purposes of said deed.

FRED'K. GOTTSCHALK,
Trustee.
St. Louis, January 20, 1880. 90A

LEGAL.

NOTICE OF GUARDIAN OF INSANE PERSON.—Notice is hereby given to all persons that on the 3rd day of February, 1879, the undersigned was, by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, appointed guardian of the person and estate of Valentine Kanne, who, on the 3d day of February, 1879, by due and regular proceedings had in said Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, was adjudged to be a person of unsound mind and incapable of managing his affairs.

GEORGE KANNE,
St. Louis, January 19, 1880. 81A

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1880, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Adam Kirchels, to be levied upon certain real estate described in said execution, I have therefore levied upon and seized the following described real estate and premises, contained and described in the mortgage set forth in plaintiff's petition as follows, to-wit: Lot number seven (7), in block number 134, in Julia C. Soulard's fifth addition to the city of St. Louis, having a front of thirty-feet on the west side of Hamtramck street, by a depth of 114 feet westwardly to an alley twenty feet wide, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri; and I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, charged with said lien, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., January 10, 1880. 36A

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1880 of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Thomas H. Caman to the use of Blanche J. Adams, assignee, and against Esther O. Mowrey, I have levied upon and seized the following described property of said Esther O. Mowrey, charged with the lien therefor, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: Lots one, two, three and four, in block five of Morton's addition to the city of St. Louis, and south of block 498 of said city said lots fronting 120 feet on Stoddard avenue and running back 140 feet to an alley, and bounded on the north and east by alleys, on the south by property of John T. Douglass, and west by Stoddard avenue, and lying situate and being in the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, and I will on

THURSDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, charged with said lien, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 30, 1879. 411

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Michael J. Dogan and Mary A. Dogan, his wife, by their certain deed, date the twenty-first day of September, 1878, and recorded in book 599, on page 473, in the Recorder's office, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, did convey to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, namely: A certain lot, piece or parcel of ground situated in block number twenty-nine (29) of Union Addition, and block number ten hundred and eighty-three (1,083) of said city of St. Louis, beginning at a point in the south line of Warren street, distant eastwardly fifty-four (54) feet from the east line of Twentieth street, thence eastwardly along said south line of Warren street sixty (60) feet; thence southwardly and parallel to Twentieth street one hundred and eleven feet (111), more or less, to an alley twenty (20) feet wide; thence west along the north line of said alley sixty (60) feet, thence northwardly and parallel to said Twentieth street one hundred and eleven feet, more or less, to the south line of Warren street, the point of beginning. And whereas, said conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note and interest thereon in said deed described, and default has been made in the payment when due of interest accrued on said note, by reason whereof said note as to principal has also become due and payable, and payment has not been made thereof. Now, therefore, at the request of the holder of said note, public notice is hereby given that I will on

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1880,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, at public vendue, for cash, and to the highest bidder, sell said real estate to satisfy said note and the costs of the said trust.

GEORGE W. LUBKE,
Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., January 13, 1880. 49A

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas William Cale, by his deed of trust, dated May 29, 1874, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on the 30th day of May, 1874, in book 492, page 556, did convey to Bernard Bryan, trustee, the following described real estate, and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Five (5) lots of ground all situated in a subdivision in the Grand Prairie common fields of St. Louis, styled Cale's addition to Grand avenue, which plat is on record in the St. Louis city (formerly county) Recorder's office, the lots in said addition, hereby conveyed being known and designated on said plat as lots numbers forty-two (42), forty-three (43), forty-four (44) forty-five (45) and forty-six (46) in block number one (1), and together containing a front of one hundred and fifty (150) feet on the north line of Cook avenue and a depth each north of 162 6-12 feet to an alley 20 feet wide; all as per said recorded plat reference to which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain note specified in said deed. And whereas, at the December term, 1879, of the Circuit Court for the city of St. Louis on the 22nd day of December of said term, the said Bernard Bryan was absent from the city of St. Louis and by reason of such absence he was unable to execute the powers of sale contained in said deed, therefore, I, the undersigned, was appointed trustee to execute said deed of trust in place and stead of said Bernard Bryan; and whereas, default has been made in payment of said note, which has become due since its maturity, and remains unpaid, now, at request of legal holder of said note and under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned trustee will offer said property for sale at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, to-wit, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: 1st. Lot No. 10 in block No. sixteen hundred and seventy-seven (1677) of the city of St. Louis, according to plat recorded at page 20 of plat book No. 5 in the Recorder's office of said city of St. Louis, which said parcel of ground contains 25 feet in width fronting on Biddle street by nineteen feet more or less in depth, of that width, and is bounded northwardly by an alley ten feet in width, eastwardly by lot number 11, northwardly by Biddle street, and southwardly by a line two hundred and seventy-two feet westwardly and parallel with the western line of Nineteenth street, according to the line of said street as represented on the plat and established by ordinance No. 4032 of the city of St. Louis. Second. And also of the following real estate situated in said city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered one (1) in block No. 3 of Penrose addition, fronting forty-eight (48) feet on Penrose street by a depth of 143¾ feet, bounded north by Dunker, east by Feldmeier, south by Penrose street and west by Hymers et al.; and I will on

MONDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1880,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., December 30, 1879. 416

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1880, of said Court, and to me directed, in favor of Meyer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, and against Michael P. Thomas, the defendant, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: A piece or parcel of land situated in Provencher's addition to said city of St. Louis, a plat of which is on file in the office of the Recorder of the city of St. Louis (formerly county), viz.: Lot numbered 42 of said addition, fronting 21 feet 10 inches on the north line of Wyoming street, and, with that width, running northwardly for depth on its west line 124 feet and (1) inch, more or less, and on its east line 121 feet and (1) inch, more or less, to an alley 15 feet wide, bounded south by Wyoming street, west by a lot of ground known as Moss Hood & English's Cave, east by lot 44 of said addition, and north by said alley; which said lot has a width of 36 feet and 10 inches, and said property was acquired by said defendant and wife, Bridget E. Thomas, by deed dated March 12, 1874, and duly recorded in book 490, page 208. And I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 3D DAY OF FEBRUARY,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above described property, charged with said lien, to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN,
Sheriff City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., January 7, 1880. 58A

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Carolina Garrell Frederick Wagner and W. H. Edwards are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situate in block 1,389 of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, viz.: Lots 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 of Haren's Addition to the city of St. Louis, and fronting together 150 feet on the west side of Second Carondelet avenue, and running thence westwardly the same width 150 feet 3 inches to a 20-foot alley, and bounded north by lot 17 of said addition, and south by Marquette street; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein described; and, whereas, default has been made and the last two interest notes secured by said deed of trust remain due and unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said unpaid notes I, the undersigned trustee, will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

WILLIAM ZIOCK,
Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., January 5, 1880. 13A

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by a deed of trust dated the 8th day of December, A. D. 1877, and recorded in book 585, page 100, of the office of Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis, Missouri, Catharina Huiskes conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: Being lots numbered nineteen (19) and twenty (20) of block No. one (1) of Labadie's Addition, north of Lynch

WHITTAKER'S

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SUGAR-CURED HAMS.

THEIR WELL-KNOWN delicious tenderness and flavor is secured by their old-fashioned SLOW-CURING and SMOKING PROCESS.

DON'T BE IMPOSED UPON

By cheaper brands with which we can not compete in price. Our Hams give satisfaction every time, and are 60 per cent cheaper, when quality is considered, than many hams offered you by some grocers who sell cheaper goods without reputation so as to make a larger profit.

SHOES

BEST ASSORTMENT

IN ST. LOUIS.

MOUND CITY.

411 NORTH FOURTH ST.

Lehigh Valley Anthracite,

Big Muddy, Basin Block

And Illinois COALS

LEWIS P. HARVEY & CO.

811 OLIVE STREET.

LOCAL NEWS.

HAMBURG Embroideries will be much worn this season for trimming ladies' clothing and children's suits. The new styles are very pretty, particularly in some designs we saw at H. D. Mann & Co.'s in white and colored edgings just opened.

DR. E. C. CHASE,

922 Olive St., set of best teeth only $8.

D. L. Moody

Lectures to men only at Mercantile Library Hall Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday at 4 p. m. Admission by ticket. Tickets may be had free at Y. M. C. A. Rooms. Preaches on evenings of same days at Centenary M. E. Church, Sixteenth and Pine streets. Tickets may be had of Pastors or at the Y. M. C. A. rooms. Mr. Sankey will sing at all of these meetings

Vienna Model Bakery, 516 Olive Street.

J. C. Snodgrass & Co., Proprietors, General assortment pastry, pies, cakes, etc., Brioche Bread, Vienna Bread and Rolls.

FEATHERLY'S Parisian Complexion Powder. Every lady who appreciates a really fine powder is requested to give this a trial. Sold by druggists.

POSTAGE STAMPS for sale at the counting-room of the POST-DISPATCH.

A SAD SPECTACLE.

Whalen, the Counterfeiter, and Two More Crazy Prisoners Removed from the Calaboose.

A large crowd gathered in front of the Four Courts this morning to witness the loading into the ambulance of one of the saddest loads which it has carried away from the jail or calaboose for some time. William Whalen, the counterfeiter, who will be remembered in connection with the recent Biebusch trial, was first brought out strapped in such a way that he could hardly move, crazy and dangerous. Ever since his conviction in the United States Court Whalen has been growing gradually worse and worse. His mind appeared to be giving at the time of the trial, and since then he has become a very melancholy spectacle. He is a dangerous maniac, and precautions had to be taken with him in the ambulance that appeared cruel if they were merciful. Besides the locked straps which bound his arms to his side he was strapped to the seat of the ambulance, cords being put around his legs and hands. He raved continually as he was being put in place, sometimes yelling in a peculiarly blood-curdling manner. Health Commissioner Francis and Dr. Outley were present, and did all in their power to ameliorate the maniac's condition. Maggie Miller was taken out of the calaboose and loaded into the ambulance also. She was a horrible sight, having repeatedly, during the night, torn off every stitch of her clothing. She made an awful noise as she was transported from the calaboose, and the crowd became larger and larger as each addition was made to the load. The third passenger was a hollow-eyed young man named Henry Roll, who was at the most depressed stage of delirium tremens. When the poor creatures had all been secured in such a way that it would have been utterly impossible for them to move, the spectacle was removed from the people as soon as it could be done.

A New Swindle.

For a long while it has been suspected by the police that country people who came here to dispose of country produce are being grossly swindled by a number of produce dealers on Broadway. Complaints are numerous from country people to Capt. Huebler of the way they are cheated in measurement by these hucksters. A few days ago it was discovered that the false measurement is carried on in the following manner: If the farmer is selling anything that is bought by measurement it is measured in what is supposed to be a two-bushel barrel. The barrel has no hoops on at the top, so that the dexterous buyer, by a little deception, makes the measure hold three bushels, while the seller thinks there is but two. This morning John B. Williams, of 1109 Broadway, and one Powers, of Broadway and Franklin avenue, were arrested and locked up at the Third District Police Station at the instigation of John Croxford, of Madison county, Illinois, on the charge of having swindled him in measurement.

The Criminal Court.

Judge Laughlin, despite his ill-health, appeared upon the bench to-day. He is looking rather badly from his sudden attack of illness, which was a severe congestion of the lungs, with symptoms of pneumonia, but he hopes to be recovered so fully by Monday that he will be able to go into the Kotovsky case. The only business transacted by the court was committing John Hayes, who is under sentence for assault to kill, to jail in default of bond, and to release Wm. Anderson, who was arrested last night on a charge of stealing a $300 set of harness.

Second District Police Court.

There were twenty-six cases docketed in this court to-day. Most of them were against persons keeping a dram shop without license. [illegible] Sam. Thompson, Wm. Dicon, Bridget [illegible], Lizzie Johnson, Annie McAtee, [illegible] for disturbing the peace. [illegible] Mitchell, Pat Kelly, Bridget Miles, [illegible] were fined $3, and Phillip Mc[illegible] $5 for being drunk on the

Got That Dickson.

[illegible] was charged by a citizen [illegible] McNulty with having got away [illegible] money. It appears that the [illegible] home, and now Officer [illegible] wants it understood that he [illegible] whom the charge was [illegible] being named John B.

[illegible] a delicate Complexion. Pozzoni's

MONEY.

Some of the banks report to-day a moderate increase in the amount of paper offered for discount, although there was nothing at all like activity. Flour and grain were the principal articles, business paper being scarce. Money was easy and unchanged at 8@10 per cen. New York exchange was also nominally unchanged at $1 premium. The currency movement was light all round. Local stocks were quiet—few offerings and fewer buyers.

Foreign exchange—Market steady. Rob't E. M. Bain, No. 104 North Third street, quotes as follows: Prime bankers' sterling, 482 @484; commercial, 60-days, 481@481¼; commercial, demand, 483¾; do, 60-days, francs, 525¾@523¾; do, demand, do, 523¾@521¾; do, 60-days, reichs marks, 94¾@9⅝; do, demand, do, 94⅞; do 60-days, guilders, florins, 39¾@⅞.

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities, Etc.

NEW YORK, January 23, 12 m.—Money 5@6 per cent. Sterling steady, 82¾@84. Bar silver $1 14¾. Governments quiet and steady. Railroad bonds strong, especially for Texas Pacific Income bonds, which have advanced about 5 per cent. State securities nominal. Stocks opened weak and fell off ⅛ to 2¾ per cent in general list, and 5 per cent in Louisville and Nashville. Subsequently the market became strong with a slight recovery to ¼ to 4 per cent, latter Louisville and Nashville.

Rock Island	150	B., C. R. & N.	55
Panama	170	A. & T. H.	25
Fort Wayne	114½	prfd.	60
Pittsburg	111¾	St. L. & Pacific	41¾
Illinois Central	104½	prfd.	68
C., B. & Q.	142½	Hannibal & St. Joseph	38¾
Chicago & Alton	108¾	prfd.	68
Chicago & Alton pfd.	120	Iron Mountain	56¾
N. Y. Central	131½	St. L. & San Fran.	45
Harlem	158	prfd.	56
Lake Shore	101	first pref.	76
Canada Southern	71	Erie & Western	32½
Michigan Central	89½	C., St. L. & N. O.	43¾
Erie	41½	Kansas & Texas	23¾
Erie, preferred	68¾	Union Pacific	93¾
Northwestern	90¾	Kansas Pacific	90
Northwestern, pfd.	105¾	Northern Pacific	34¾
St. Paul	76½	Northern Pacific pfd	57¾
St. Paul, pfd	101½	Louisville & Nashville	124⅛
St. Paul & Minnesota	47	Houston & Texas	67¾
St. Paul & Sioux City	40¾	Western Union	104¼
St. P., & S. C. prfd.	79½	A. & P. Telegraph	41
Del. & Lack.	84½	Pacific Mail	39½
Morris & Essex	103¾	Little Pittsburg	22
Del. & Hudson	74½	Reading	
N. J. Central	80	Adams	103¼
Ohio	31½	Fargo	100
Ohios, preferred	62	American	56
Chesapeake & Ohio	22	United States	48
Mobile & Ohio	24	Canton	
Cleveland & Col.	78½	Quicksilver	21¼
C., C. & I. C.	95	pref.	65
I. C. & L.	5½		

Quotations of Stocks at New York.

Reported daily by Fred. Von Phul, manager of Public Stock and Grain Exchange, rooms 135, 137, 139 and 141, Chamber of Commerce Building, St. Louis, Mo.

Names of Stock and Produce.	Open'g to-day.	High-est.	Low-est.	Clos-ing.
Northwestern	90½	90¾	90	90⅝
St. Paul	77¼	77¾	76	77⅜
Lake Shore	101¾	101¾	100¾	101⅜
M. C.	89½	89⅞	89¼	89⅞
Han. & St. Joe.				
Western Union	103½	104	103½	104
Erie	43¾	44¼	43¾	44½
Wab. & Pac.	39¾	40¼	39¾	40¼
P. M.	39½	39⅞	39½	39⅝
N. J. C.	80	81¾	79¾	80⅝
Del., L. & W.	84½	85	84¼	84⅞
D. & M.	90¾	91¼	90¼	90⅝

Closing quotations of government bonds at New York to-day are as follows

Coupons of '81	104¾
New 5's	103½
New 4½'s, registered	107¾
New 4½'s, coupons	107¾
New 4's, registered	104¾
New 4's, coupons	104¾
Currency 6's	122

The following quotations are furnished the POST-DISPATCH by E. A. Coguard, stock and bond broker, Third and Pine streets:

RAILROAD BONDS.

N. Mo. 1st m	7	90 cur.	Jan. & July.	111½ 114½
Mo. Pa. 1st m	6	98 cur.	Feb. & Aug.	107¾ 108¾
I. M. 1st m.	'95	7	98 gold,	Feb. & Aug. 115½ 116¾
K. Pac 1st m	'88	6	98 gold.	Feb. & Aug 117 118

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6s, gold	106¾@107¾
City 6s, gold Sterling bonds	106¾@107¾
City 6s, currency	106¾@107¾
City 6s water bonds	106 @107
County 6s, gold	105¾@106¾
County 7s, currency	108 @107

Interest to seller.

CLEARINGS AT ST. LOUIS.

	Week end'g Jan. 21.	Week end'g Jan. 28.
Thursday	$4,542,093	$4,117,975
Friday	6,538,105	4,624,334
Saturday	4,699,666	
Monday	4,757,811	
Tuesday	5,824,358	
Wednesday	4,358,007	
Total	$29,889,810	

COMMERCE.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles

For the 24 hours ending Friday, Jan. 23, 1880, and corresponding day in 1879, as reported by the Merchants' Exchange.

ARTICLES.	Receipts by River and Rail. 1880.	1879.	Shipments by Rail. 1880.	1879.
Apples, brls	52	328	85	64
Barley, sacks			8	
Barley, in bk, bu	1,000	900		1,063
Butter, lbs	40,936	24,244	1,620	2,167
Corn, sacks	40	72	476	30
Corn, in bulk, bu	113,400	54,000	12,321	1,880
Corn meal, brls	255		393	357
Flax seed, sacks	622			
Flour, brls	3,179	3,731	3,386	4,940
Hay, bales	2,317	1,195	66	647
Hides, lbs	100,129	70,307	57,130	119,167
Lard, lbs	44,177	61,442	69,251	343,249
Lead, pigs	576	1,215	750	
Nails, kegs	4,918	200	565	565
Oats, sacks	100	518	117	217
Oats, in bulk	4,500	9,800		
Ore, iron, tons	600	450	60	
Pig iron, tons	1,237	196	359	200
Pork, brls	1	1	2	10
Hams, lbs		310	26,632	73,496
Meats, lbs	435,690	384,110	317,354	702,667
Potatoes, sacks	400	1,058	1,408	1,422
Potatoes, bulk	6,800			
Rye, sacks				
Rye, in bulk	600	3,400	1,043	460
Tallow, in bulk	36,723	26,333		44,321
Tobacco, hhds	56			23
Wheat, sacks	876	1,870		
Wheat, in bulk	12,750	31,400	4,800	
Whisky, refd. brls			365	266
Wool, lbs	7,057	12,214	1,120	27,240

Receipts and Withdrawals of Wheat,

FROM ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDED 7 A. M TO-DAY.

	Receipts.	Ship'ts.
St. Louis	1,600	3,124
Central A. & B. & W.	8,410	4,020
E. St. Louis	3,293	926
Advance		
Venice	4,500	4,904
Total	13,103	12,974

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis

FROM ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDED 7 A. M. TO-DAY.

(Warehouses not inclined.)

	City.	R. R.	River.	Total.
Wheat, bu	12,974		5,000	12,974
Corn, bu	14,827	4,250	6,489	24,119
Oats, bu	7,272	5,791		19,559
Rye, bu				
Barley, bu	5,855			5,855

Receipts and Shipments of Wheat at Principal Points.

	Shipments. To-day	Yes'dy	Receipts. To-day	Yes'dy	Total
St. Louis	14,721	19,930	4,800	8,333	
Chicago	40,311	41,024	19,269	6,887	
Milwaukee	39,000	42,900	400	20,900	
Toledo	8,000	8,000	2,000	12,000	
New York	19,000	40,000			
Baltimore	10,475	43,817	71,216	84,919	

Grain in Store in St. Louis.

In the various Elevators named, at 7 a. m., today.

Elevators	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
St. Louis	319,886	405,843	21,241	46,822	27,940
Central	144,303	359,333	2,980	4,866	36,541
E. St. L.	309,381	20,835	3,578	913	605
Advance	62,470	30,260	5,037		
Venice	138,705	82,913	38,275	12,842	486
Total	974,745	899,684	71,061	65,443	65,622

Visible Supply of Grain in the United States.

	Jan. 17, 1880.	Jan. 10, 1879.	Jan. 18, 1880.
Wheat, bu	31,023,000	30,309,000	19,254,860
Corn, bu	14,927,000	11,864,000	9,866,255
Oats, bu	3,318,000	3,293,000	2,516,455
Rye, bu	1,068,000	1,152,000	1,475,260
Barley, bu	4,473,000	4,401,000	5,064,270
Total	51,739,000	51,019,000	38,177,000

Grain on Passage for the United Kingdom.

	Jan. 17, 1880.	Jan. 10, 1879.	Jan. 18, 1879.
Flour, wheat qrs	2,100,000	2,510,000	1,450,000
Corn, qrs	240,000	240,000	280,000

Grain Inspections.

Wheat—3 cars No. 1 spring, 4 cars No. 2 spring, 1 car rejected spring, 1 car No. 2 Mediterranean, 1 car No. 3 Mediterranean, 6 cars No. 2 red winter, 5 cars No. 3 red winter, 4 cars No. 4 winter, 5 cars rejected winter. Total—30 cars.

Corn—1 car St. Charles, 2 cars No. 2 white, 55 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 6 cars rejected white-mixed, 169 cars No. 2 mixed, 11 cars rejected. Total—244 cars.

Oats—5 cars No. 2, 1 car No. 2 white, 5 cars rejected. Total—14 cars.

Rye—1 car No. 2. Total—1 car.

Comparative Closing Values of Leading Articles at 1 P. M.

	Yesterday.	To-day.
No. 2 red wheat, cash.	124¾ asked	121
" " Feb.	126¾	122 bid
" " March	128 7-16	125¾
" " April	131	128
" " May	133 bid	129¾
No. 3 red wheat, cash.	121 bid	119
No. 2 spring		
No. 2 mixed corn, c'h	35¾	35¾
" " Jan.		35¾
" " Feb.	36¾	
" " Mar.	37¾	37 7-16
" " April	38¾ bid	37½
" " May	39 1-16	39¾
Rejected corn, cash	34¾	38¾
No. 2 wh. mxd c. cash	39	33½
No. 2 oats, cash	37¾	37⅜
" " Feb.	39¾	36⅜ bid
" " Mar.	38	37½ bid
" " May	39 bid	38½ bid
Rejected oats, cash	37 bid	36¾
No. 2 rye, cash	72	72
" " Feb.	75 asked	
Rejected rye, cash		
Mess pork, cash	$13 10	$13 00
" " Feb.	$13 05	$13 00
" " March	$13 10 bid	$13 05 bid
" " April	$13 25	$13 22½ bid
Lard, prime steam	7.30@7.40	7.30 bid
" " Feb.		
" " Mar.		
D. S. shlds, cash	4.10@4.20	4.10@.20
" " Feb.	4¼ bid	4 bid
" " Mar	4.30	4.15 bid
D. S clr ribs, cash	6¾@6.60	6¾@.60
" " Feb.	6.60	6⅝ bid
" " Mar.	6.65 bid	6⅝ bid
" clear	6.65@6¾	6.65@¾
Bacon shoulders, cash	5¾	5¼
" clear rib, cash	7¾@.40	7¾
" clear, cash	7½@.55	7.55
S. C. Hams	9@10¾	9@10½
Tallow, prime country	6@6¼	6@6¼

Breadstuffs and Provisions.

MORNING BOARD—FUTURES.

Wheat—Largely lower. Panicky early, and though reacting later, closed weak and tendency downward. Cash No. 2 red sold at $1 21, February at $1 22¾@1 22, March at $1 28¾@1 24¾, closing at $1 25¾, April at $1 28¾@1 26¾, closing at $1 28, May at $1 30 @1 29, closing at $1 29¾.

Corn—Lower, with a weak market early, but stronger later on. Cash No. 2 mixed sold at 35½@35¾c; January at 35¾c; February at 35½@35¾c; March at 36¾c, closing at 36 7-16c; April at 37 7 16@37¾c; May at 39@ 39¾c, closing at 39¼c; June at 39¾@39¾c.

Oats—Lower. Operators wide apart on futures and a dull market the consequence. Cash No. 2 sold a fraction lower, at 37¾c, and May at 38½c.

MORNING BOARD—CASH.

Flour—Dull, as buyers demanded concessions which sellers were slow to grant, generally holding steadily. The market was irregular, some sales being made at unchanged rates, while others were at declines.

Wheat—Receipts 876 sks and 12,750 bu; shipments by rail 4,800 bu; stock 974 345 bu. There was a further break in prices with a very dull market for cash grades and sample lots. Grade sales: 8 cars No. 2 red both sides at $1 21; 1 car No. 3 red this side at $1 19; 4 cars No. 4 at $1 15; rejected was offered at $1 10, no bid. No bids for No bids for No. 2 and No. 3 Mediterranean, and none offered.

Receipts 40 sks bsl 113,400 bu; shipments by rail 476 sks and 11,321 bu; stock 899,684 bu. Grades—Lower all rough with a good demand from the every day buyers; No. mixed went mainly to the speculative interest and ruled irregular, opening 1¼c lower at 35½c, declining to 35⅞, then reacting ⅜ and again declining and closing at 35⅝, rejected ½@¾c lower at 33¾@33⅞ and active; rejected white-mixed quiet at ¾c decline at 37¾c; No. 2 white-mixed sold early ⅞c lower at 38¾c, and subsequently stiffened to 38¾ 38⅞, but before the close weakened closing at the opening rate (38⅝); St. Charles whited ¾c lower at 42 and slow. Samples lower. Grade Sales; 1 car St. Charles white regular, 42c; 1 car rejected white-mixed 37¾; 20 cars and 50,000 bu No. 2 mixed regular and fresh 38¾; 65 cars and 30,000 bu do fresh and str ir 38¾; 3 cars rejected str ir St. L. 33½; 10 cars do this side 33⅞; 11 cars do Illinois p. r.; 12 cars No. 2 white-mixed str ir Central, St. L. and E. St. L. 38⅝; 2 cars do St L and Venice 38⅞; 16 cars do E side and St L 38¾; 6 cars do at close 38⅞.

Oats—Receipts 190 sks and 11,500 bushels; shipments by rail 117 sks; stock 70,781 bushels. Grades—Lower and quiet; No. 2 white sold at 39c early to 38¾c at close; rejected ½@¾c lower at 37c early to 36¾c at close; No. 2 sold at 39c down at 37½c; no grade brought 33 del. Samples in demand at ½@1c decline for prime and choice mixed. Grade sales: 4 cars rejected str. fr. St. L. 37@ 37½; 16 cars No. 2 regular to str. fr. Venice and St. L. 37½; 2 cars No. 2 white St. L. 39@38¾c.

Milfeed—Irregular and lower at the close Sales: Sacked—360 sacks bran f. o. b. this side (early) 60c; 1,000 sks and 4 cars dc E w'house 54c; 8 cars do f. o. b. 55c. Stock 2,536.

Pork—Firm. Sales 135 brls standard mess in lots at $13; 160 brls at $13 05 f. o. b.; on orders—180 brls at $13 25; 40 at $13 50.

Green meats—Sales 3 cars 15-lb hams and 3 cars 12-lb hams at 7½c round.

S. P. Hams—Nothing done.

D. S. Meat—Market weak and a little lower. Sales 50,000 lbs loose short ribs at 6¾c; 75,000 lbs do at 6.55c f. o. b; 6¾c bid on call; loose shoulders fully cleared at 4¾c. 4¾c bid; on orders, 75 pkgs—shoulders 4½; short ribs 6¾c; clear 6 95@7c.

Bacon—Quiet and unchanged. Sales 70,000 lbs loose clear ribs, part f. o. b., at 7.20; 33 pkgs do 7¾; 2 shoulders 5¾; 65 do clear sides 7.55; 22 tcs plain s. c. hams at 9c; on orders, 45 pkgs; clear ribs 7¾, clear sides 7¾c. We quote plain s. c. hams at fl@10¾c.

Lard—Quiet. No large lots selling. We note sales of 40 tcs prime steam in small lots at 7¼@7.30c; 31 brls country kettle 7.40c; small lots refined tierces on orders at 8¾c. Prime steam had 7 30c bid, 7.40c asked.

The Cotton Market.

Spots were still dull, sales of only 217 bales being reported, but quotably unchanged in value. New York and Liverpool quiet and steady.

QUOTATIONS.

	St. Louis.	New York.
Low ordinary	10	
Ordinary	10½	10 15-16
Good ordinary	11¼	11 11-16
Low middling	11⅞	12¼
Middling	12¼	12¾
Good middling	12⅝	12⅞
Middling fair	13¼	

STOCKS IN ST. LOUIS WAREHOUSE.

Stocks to-day, 76,816; same day last year, 33,769 bales.

ST. LOUIS GROSS RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS,

	Receipts, bales.	Shipments, bales.
To-day	1,554	1,248
Same day last year	1,092	1,276
Total for season to date	378,468	304,747
Same time last year	228,925	195,883

NEW YORK.

Futures closed easy. Sales 140,000 bales.

Future quotations: January, 12.63; February, 12.67; March, 12.89; April, 13.08; May, 13.27; June 134.3; July, 13.53; August, 13.64; September 12.98; October, 12.20; November, 11.89; December, ——.

RECEIPTS AT OTHER POINTS.

New York, 1,058; Savannah, 3,821; Galveston, 1,556; Wilmington, 218; Baltimore, 360; Boston, 847; Cincinnati, ——; City Point, ——; New Orleans, 11,236 Charleston, 1,689; Mobile, 1,542; Norfolk, 1,859; Philadelphia, 321; Memphis 2,763; Port Royal, ——; Other points, ——.

NET RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR SEVEN DAYS.

Receipts this week, —— bales, exports this week, —— bales; stocks to-day, —— bales; same time last year 150,483 bales.

LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

Uplands, 7d; Orleans, 7¾d. Sales, 10,000 bales.

RAIL FREIGHTS ON COMPRESSED COTTON.

St. Louis to Boston, 71. Providence, 71. New York, 66. Philadelphia, 64. Baltimore,

Produce.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Choice New York sells at $5 35; in a small way 25c higher.

RYE FLOUR—Market steady, with sales of country at $4 90@5 10; on orders 25@30c higher.

GRASS SEED—[All seed in seamless cotton sacks sold sacks extra unless otherwise stated.] Very little doing. Poor red top 55c, prime worth 60@65c; German millet quotable at 70@80c; Prime timothy worth $2 90@2 95 and clover $5@5 10; orchard grass $1 80.

HEMPSEED—Prime ready sale at $1 50; trash, dull at $1 25@1 40 as in quality.

FLAXSEED—Markec bare. We quote nominally; prime $1 40@1 45; trashy to fair $1 15@ 1 35 as in quality.

CASTOR BEANS—Prime salable at $1 05.

BROOM CORN—We quote common and mixed crooked 3½@3¾c; fair to good 3¾@3¾; prime and choice straight 4@4Ac; extra 5c ₩ lb.

ROOTS—We quote Ginsing $1 15@1 25 as in quality, choice at top rate. Seneca 40@45c as in quality; blue flag 4@5c; blood root 5@6c; golden seal 5@6c; snake 10@13c; black 4½@ 5c; may apple 2@2½c ₩ lb.

CELERY—Choice fairly active at 40@45c; damaged to fair 10@30c ₩ doz.

SWEET POTATOES—Red Nansemond sells in shipping order at $2 25@2 50 per brl.

RUTABAGAS—Easier. Sale 1 car at 35c del.

ONIONS—Receipts 22 pkgs. Quiet but firm at $4@4 25 for choice sound stock; off lots dull at much lower figures.

ONION SETS—Bottoms $6@6 50 and tops $4 50@4 65 per bu from store; higher on orders.

CABBAGE—New $2 25@2 50 per crate as in quality; old $3 25@3 50 per crate in shipping order.

HONEY—Steady at 13@14 for small sections white clover comb; extracted 9@11c.

SORGHUM—In demand at 25@30c ₩ gallon.

PECANS—Western 7¾@8¼c, Texas 9@9¾.

POP-CORN—Mixed 1@1¼c; white 1¼@1¾c.

PEANUTS—White 3¼@3½c, red 2¾@3¼c.

HICKORY NUTS—Small $1; large 40@50c ₩ bu.

CHESTNUTS—Unchanged at 2@6c ₩ lb.

EGGS—New York 43@46c; Wisconsin 40@50c.

PEAS—Weevily slow at $1 25@1 35; choice sound $1 75 from store.

RAGS—We quote: Country mixed 2¼@2¾c; common woolen ¾@1c; writing paper 2@2½c; mixed paper ½@1c.

CIDER—Old to choice sweet $3@5 50 ₩ brl as in quality.

APPLES—Light offerings of choice shipping stock, with good demand and a firm market. We quote the range: Sound stock—Eastern greenings and russets $2 25@2 50; baldwins $2@3 25. Western—Ben Davis $2@3 50; winesap $2 50@2 75; romanites and genitings $2@ 2 50. Slack brls and soft mucn lower.

POTATOES—The offerings were liberal, the demand not so urgent and the market largely lower and dull, even at the decline, dealers holding out in anticipation of liberal receipts and another break in prices. Sales (in bulk and delivered unless otherwise stated): Late yesterday, 1 car sacked Michigan rose at 70c.

BUTTER—Yesterday was "Butter Day," consequently the number of buyers on the market this morning was small, and very little was doing. The supply of selections is at present light, nearly every package being streaked or presenting a summery appearance. Fair inquiry for low grades and grease, while medium was dull. We quote: Packed—Dairy—Choice 25@26c and occasionally 27c for selections of well known brands; seconds 21@22c. Creamery —Choice 32@35c; fancy selections 35c; seconds and dairy rates: medium grades 14@16c; low graves 9@12c; grease 5@7c; country store-paced 10@18c for poor to choice. Roll—Northern in good demand at unchanged prices; 14@ 14c for medium and 18@20c for choice to fancy. Near-by make steady; common to fair slow at 10@13c; choice to fancy 14@16c per pound.

EGGS—Steady and unchanged. Sales 35 cases guaranteed strictly fresh at 13c; shippers' count low at 9@12c as in quality.

POULTRY—Dressed—The offerings were again liberal, the demand was very light for Friday and the market dull and weak, but prices were essentially unchanged. Rough to choice smooth medium sized Turkeys selling at 9@11c, mixed at 9½c ₩ lb; rough and held over Geese almost unsalable, nominal at $1 50@3 as in condition; fair to choice were also slow at $3 50@4; fancy fairly active at $4 50@5. Ducks—Choice to fancy in good demand and firm at $2 75@3; fair $2 25@2 50; thin $1 75@2. Chickens—Fancy large selected hens $2 50@2 75; medium $2@2 25; small to medium $1 75. Live—Market overstocked and no demand, and quotations nominally lower. Chickens—Cocks $1 72; mixed $2@2 25; choice hens $2 50. Greece—Fair to choice $1@1 50; thin to medium $2 25@2 50; choice $2 50@2 75. Turkeys $5@9 ₩ doz as in size.

GAME—[The time for receiving and selling grouse, quail and chestnut in this market expires February 1; wild turkey can be sold up March 1. New York—Grouse and quail are outlawed on and after January 1.] Receipts unusually light. Weather favorable, demand good and market stiff on quail and grouse and tendeny upward. All else steady. Sales were: Choice selected undrawn pheasant and grouse $5 50; drawn and rejected $4@4 50; selected undrawn quail $2 50@2 75; thin and drawn $2; mallard duck $2 50; teal $2@2 25; mixed $1 50@1 75; 'possum 10@15c each; wild turkeys 50@75c apiece, as in size and condition; choice Illinois rabbits $1 50; Missouri and Kansas do $1 25@1 35; thin $1@1 10; Jack rabbit $3@3 25; squirrel 60c.

LIVE STOCK.

Comparative receipts and shipments for the 24 hours ending to-day, and the same day in 1879.

	Receipts. 1880	1879.	Shipments. 1880	1879.
Cattle	512	417	417	1,341
Hogs	3,954	7,787	1,964	1,723
Sheep	1,560	1,542	960	907

CATTLE—Transfers this forenoon of a moderate character, caused wholly on account of the scant supply. All classes of buyers were present in fair numbers and Eastern and interior shippers were again very urgent in their demands and had the offerings of good and prime native steers proved large, an active market would have ensued. Although mixed butchers' stuff scarce, still the canners and local speculators talked as if they wanted declines. The operations of the latter butchers' steers in the pens. Eastern shippers readily took the native steers offered and proved the strong prices prevailing yesterday. Stock and feeding steers scarce and wanted. Good milch cows with calves scarce. Springers slow and not wanted. Yesterday afternoon there was a fair degree of activity, and the pens were cleared before dark. The run to-day and to-morrow will be light. Ruling quotations weakened a little towards noon.

RULING QUOTATIONS.

Choice native steers	$5 15@5 40
Prime native steers, average 1,400 to 1,500 lbs	4 8 @5 10
Good to prime steers, av. 1,100 to 1,350 lbs	4 25@4 65
Common to medium native steers	3 00@4 00
Good to prime native feeding steers, av. 1,000 to 1,200 lbs	3 70@3 90
Fair native stock steers, av. 800 to 900	3 00@3 10
Good native cows and heifers	3 00@3 10
Common to fair native cows	2 60@2 85
Fair to good corn-fed Texan steers	3 25@4 25
Fair to good Colorado steers	3 50@4 25

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
	16 native steers	1,323	$4 75
	17 native steers	1,283	4 70
	33 native steers	1,283	4 70
	34 native steers	1,148	4 65
	25 native steers	961	2 40
	20 native steers	1,159	4 12½
	53 native steers	1,062	3 90
	16 native steers	1,197	4 35
	21 native steers	1,190	4 00
	16 native steers	1,130	4 30
	21 native steers	1,190	4 00
	10 native steers	1,194	4 12½

HOGS—At the National Stock Yards the offerings were light. About 25 car loads and mainly of mixed hogs, which found ready disposal before 10 a. m. at advances of 5@10c per 100 lbs. Billy Menzie, buyer for the Hope sale of Hocks Packing and Provision Company took everything that was offered, and paid from $4 25@4 70 for light to choice heavy hogs, with the bulk of sales at $4 40@4 60. At the Union Stock Yards some forty car loads were in, and these likewise found prompt disposal early in the day at advances; the range being from $4 30@4 75 for common to choice. Values firm. Light shipping $4 15@4 25; mixed packing $4 30@4 55; butchers' and select $4 60@ 4 75; common $3 50@4 15.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	av.	Price.	No.	av.	Price.
56	270	$4 60	68	200	$4 40
48	253	4 55	47	302	4 60
34	250	4 55	45	342	4 60
60	213	4 50	71	221	4 35
70	188	4 60	76	245	4 35
58	247	4 50	58	171	4 20
67	156	4 25	48	330	4 60
67	186	4 25	51	258	4 50

SHEEP—The shipping and local butcher inquiry quite large for all grades above common, but the scant supply again precluded active operations. Lambs scarce. Values firm. We quote: Fair muttons, 80 to 90 lbs, at $3 25@3 50; fair to good, 90 to 110 lbs, at $3 65@ 4 25; prime, 115 to 130 lbs, at $4 40@4 75; select butcher and export sheep $4 80@5 25.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	av.	Price.
58 native sheep	110	$4 25
138 native sheep	108	4 80
68 native sheep	87½	4 87½
158 Colorado sheep	87	4 40
74 native sheep	116	5 00

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CINCINNATI, January 23.—Hogs—Steady and firmer. Common, $3 80@4 30; fair to good light, $4 35@4 55; shipping, $4 50@4 70; butchers, $4 70@4 75. Receipts, 4,102.

CHICAGO, January 23.—Hogs: Receipts 20,000; shade higher. Cattle—receipts 4,800; good to prime firm at $4 80@5 70; common to fair dull $3 60@4 30; butchers' weak at $2@3 50; stockers and feeders slow at $2